# Operation and Maintenance Manual



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## 1. General information

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**WARNING** - Before starting the burner you must get thoroughly acquainted with all provisions of this manual. The manufacturer is not liable for damages caused by operation, maintenance or wrong setting of the power of the burner that will cause heat overloading of the burner.

#### Introduction

This manual is intended for all users and contains information necessary for the installation, start-up, maintenance and safe operation of the burner.

We recommend you to pay great attention to the safety regulations. Interventions that require removal of some parts should be carried out carefully by qualified authorized experts. Repairs and settings that are not described in the manual should not be carried out at all.

#### Application

The burner is designed for ATMOS D80P, P80 special boilers.

#### **Technical specifications**

#### Name: ATMOS A85

**Prescribed fuel:** high-quality (white) wooden pellets with the diameter of 6 to 8 mm, length of 5 to 25 mm and calorific value of 16 - 19 MJ.kg<sup>-1</sup>

Nominal heat input of the burner: 89 kW

Minimum heat input of the burner: 27 kW

Maximum heating surface of the boiler that the burner may be installed in: 5 m<sup>2</sup>

Fuel bin: not part of the delivery - recomended volume 10001

Fuel feeding: with an external worm conveyor type DRA50 - not part of the delivery

**Burner control:** with an AC07X electronic control unit that controls the operation of the external conveyor, two ignition spirals and the fan in accordance with requirements of the boiler and the heating system. The electronic system is protected with the safety thermostat of the boiler, safety thermostat at the pellet supply to the burner, the fan speed transducer and the flame sensing photocell. The operation of the burner is indicated on the electronic control display.

#### Power supply: 230 V / 50 Hz

**Maximum power input at the start with one ignition element:** 490 W - normal setting **Maximum power input at the start with two ignition elements:** 1052 W - special functions

Average power input at the nominal heat input operation: 72 W

Average power input at the minimum heat input operation: 43 W

Average heat input in the standby mode: 3.3 W

Prescribed fuse protection of the burner with the boiler: 6.3 A

Acoustic pressure level (noisiness): 59 dB

Burner weight: 46 kg

Burner dimensions, WxHxD: 37 x 59 x 89 cm

**Minimum dimensions of the combustion chamber:** diameter / width = 400 mm, length / depth = 400 mm**Minimum ashpan space of the boiler:** must correspond to operation at the nominal output for at least one week. (min. 6 l)

Minimum vacuum in the combustion chamber of the boiler: 2 Pa

Min. protection against inadvertent opening of the boiler chamber (door): with a safety screw

## 2. Design

#### Description

Heating with pellets with the use of the ATMOS A85 pellet burner has a lot in common with natural gas or oil heating. However, there is a difference that burning of pellets produces a certain quantity of ashes that must be removed from the burner and boiler in an interval to avoid impairment of efficiency or affecting the functionality of the burner.

The ATMOS A85 pellet burner is supplied with automatic fuel ignition as standard. The assembly of the burner, external conveyor and fuel bin work completely automatically during operation and is controlled by an electronic control unit with the use of a flame sensor (photocell). In the burner body the fuel and combustion air are supplied in such a way to ensure maximum efficiency and environment-friendliness of fuel burning.

Normally only high-quality pellets with the diameter of 6 to 8 mm and length of 5 to 25 mm should be fed into the burner. Pellets made of soft wood without bark, called white pellets, are considered as high quality pellets.

Ashes are normally removed from the burner through the open door once every 7 to 30 days as necessary. Fly-ash and dirt accumulated in the combustion chamber of the burner and boiler considerably reduce the service life and output.

For this reason the basic version of ATMOS burner A85 is equipped with pneumatic cleaning which cleanses the burner's combustion chamber after every burn out or at regular intervals (factory setting is 4 hours – parameter S42, S43). Thanks to pneumatic cleaning you can check or clean the burner's combustion chamber only once in a fortnight or a month.

It is recommended to thoroughly clean the inner parts of the burner once a year; for this operation the burner should be removed from the boiler. For ideal cleaning of the combustion chamber (pot) of the burner you can use a special vacuum cleaner or a poker.





- 1 End switch
- 2 Safety thermostat 95 °C
- 3 Display of the burner electronic unit
- 4 Combustion chamber (mouth) of the burner
- 5 Socket for the external conveyor



- 6 connector for connection of TS, TV, TK and TSV sensors
- 7 connector for interconnection cable between the boiler and the burner (power cable)
- 8 connector for connecting speed sensor of boiler's exhaust fan



**CAUTION** - For the A85 burner DRA50 external shaft conveyors with the length of 1.7, 2.5, 4 and 5 m with the diameter of 80 mm.



Fig. 1 - Combustion mouth of the burner



*Fig. 2 - Removable combustion chamber - must be regularly cleaned* 



*Fig. 3 - Combustion chamber with the nozzle of the pneumatic cleaning and opening for 2 ignition spirals* 



Fig. 5 - AC07X electronic control unit with AC07X-C additional module (R5, R6), keys, bottom terminal board (1-18), upper distribution frame for connection of **TS**, **TV**, **TK**, **TSV sensors** and photocells



*Fig. 4 - Disassembled plate with the ignition spirals* 



Fig. 6 - Photocell - be careful about its proper orientation - we recommend you to clean it at least once a year

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Fig. 7 - Burner fan with an air flap



Fig. 8 - End switch with a special stop



Fig. 9 - Fan with speed sensor and a start capacitor



Fig. 10 - Safety thermostat on the pellet supply pipe, 95  $^{\circ}C$ 



Fig. 11 - connection of electric value and comperssor for pellet burner pneumatic ash cleaning system



Fig. 12 - Burner with two 6-pin connectors, left - power, right - sensors, 3-pin connector for connecting speed sensor of the boiler's fan and socket for conveyor



*Fig. 13 – View of the water temperature sensor in the pocket of the accumulation tank (TV and TS)* 



*Fig.* 14 – View of the flue gas sensor TS or TSV in the flue gas duct pocket



*Fig.* 16 – *View of the water temperature sensor TK in the boiler pocket, DxxP, Pxx types* 



*Fig. 16 – Complete set of ATMOS A85 burner and compressor for pneumatic cleaning* 



*Fig.* 17 – *High-quality wooden pellets* – *white without black dots (bark)* 



*Fig.* 18 – Poor-quality wooden pellets – dark with bark (with black dots)

# 3. Burner accessories

#### Accessory - burner part

Stop for the end switch	1 piece
Interconnection cable between the boiler and the burner with a connector (6x1.5 mm)	1 piece
Operation and Maintenance Manual	1 piece
Fuse - type F 3.15A/1500A/5x20mm (ignition spirals)	2 pieces
Fuse - type F 0.8A/1500A/5x20mm (conveyor)	1 piece
Fuse - type F 1.0A/1500A/5x20mm (ventilator)	1 piece
Poker for cleaning – small	1 piece
CP85KS set for the A85 burner with a compressor	1 piece

#### Accessories that are not part of the burner and can be purchased separately:

DRA50 pellet conveyor with the length of 1,7 m and diameter of 80 mm - 25 W	- CODE: H0039
DRA50 pellet conveyor with the length of 2,5 m and diameter of 80 mm - 25 W	- CODE: H0037
DRA50 pellet conveyor with the length of 4 m and diameter of 80 mm - 40 W	- CODE: H0004
DRA50 pellet conveyor with the length of 5 m and diameter of 80 mm - 40 W	- CODE: H0005

<b>Water temperature sensor</b> with a 5 m cable (range - 20+ 110 °C) - type KTF 20	- CODE: P0431
<b>Flue gas temperature sensor</b> with a 2.5 m cable (range -20+ 300 °C) - type VFF00-75P65	- CODE: P0414
<b>Pocket</b> for a flue gas sensor to be positioned in the flue gas duct, $G1/2$ x 85 mm	- CODE: V0524
Cavity with tin for extension of conductors (sensors)	- CODE: P0445

# 4. Safety, burner installation and commissioning

#### Safety and connection of the burner to the boiler



**WARNING** - Before starting the burner you must carefully read all the provisions of this manual. At the same time you must observe all general safety regulations for work with heating equipment resulting from the valid legislation.

- The premises where the equipment will be installed must comply with all fire protection regulations in accordance with valid standards and laws.
- The equipment must be positioned in such a way to ensure access for cleaning and removal of ashes not only from the burner, but also from the boiler, flue gas duct and chimney.
- The burner must be installed to the boiler over a sealing cord, soft Sibral sealing or another insulation and sealing material to prevent flue gas from escaping along the burner to the boiler room. Under one of the nuts with the use of which the burner is attached to the boiler a SPECIAL SHEET-METAL PART END SWITCH STOP must be positioned. It is used to compress the end switch that monitors the proper position of the burner on the boiler. This protective device must not be omitted in any case as it is directly related to fire safety.
- The connection between the burner and the boiler must be properly tightened to prevent flue gas from escaping to the boiler room.
- During the installation you must make sure that the pellets can freely fall through the hose to the burner. The connections between the hose, burner and conveyor must also be properly tightened.

#### Design and technical measures for increasing safety

- The ignition and combustion process is controlled by **the electronic control unit by means of the flame sensor photocell**. If the sensor does not sufficiently see the flame during operation, it will automatically put the burner out of operation.
- The electronic control unit **senses the speed of the burner fan** and at any problems of the fan it automatically puts the burner out of operation.
- On the burner frame there is an **end switch and end switch** stop that does not make it possible to start to burner if the burner is not properly fixed to the boiler (e.g. after cleaning of the burner). If during normal operation of the burner the end switch gets disconnected, the burner will be automatically put out of operation. If at the start after two attempts with the fuel supply and one attempt without the fuel supply the pellets are not ignited, the burner will be automatically put out of operation.
- If during normal operation of the burner the fuel bin runs out of pellets, the burner will try a new start and subsequently will be put out of operation. After replenishing pellets in the fuel bin and drawing pellets to the conveyor you can start the burner by merely **turning off and on** the burner switch on the boiler panel.
- The flexible transparent hose between the burner and external conveyor is made of special material that melts at high temperatures and the hose will change to a spring that will separate the burner from the fuel bin.

• The safety thermostat - located on the fuel supply pipe of the burner, will shut down the burner if its temperature is higher than 95 °C. Thus, it protects the burner from return ignition of pellets in the conveyor and at the same time from operation with clogged flue gas exhaust from the boiler (e.g. in case of a failure to remove dust from the boiler, flue gas duct and chimney). The safety thermostat will also put the burner out of operation in case the hose between the burner and conveyor gets perforated to prevent flue gas from escaping to the boiler room.



**INFO** - After any shutdown of the burner when an error message (ALARM) appears on the display it is necessary to immediately find the cause and remove it. After removing the cause of the error you can start the burner by merely **turning off and on the burner switch**, which is located on the boiler panel.

#### Basic dimensions of the opening for installation of the burner in a boiler

In the case of the D80P, P80 boilers the boiler comprises a frame with a sealing cord - 18x32 mm.



# 5. Type of environment and location of the boiler with the burner in the boiler room

Boilers with a pellet burner may be used in the AA5/AB5 basic environment in accordance with the ČSN3320001 standard. Boilers must be installed in a boiler room with guaranteed sufficient supply

of combustion air. It is unacceptable to locate boilers on residential premises (incl. corridors). The cross-section of the opening for supply of combustion air to the boiler room must be at least  $350 \text{ cm}^2$ .

- 1. Chimney
- 2. Flue gas duct
- 3. Boiler
- 4. A85 burner
- 5. External conveyor
- 6. Bin (1000 l)

### 6. Chimneyn

A boiler with a burner must always be connected to the chimney vent with consent of the responsible chimney maintenance company. The chimney vent must always produce sufficient draught and exhaust flue gas to the free atmosphere in virtually all operation conditions. For proper function of boiler the separate chimney vent must be properly dimensioned as the combustion, output and service life of the boiler depends on its draught. The draught of a boiler directly depends on its cross-section, height and roughness of the inner wall. No other device may be connected to the chimney to which a boiler is connected. The diameter of the chimney must not be smaller than the outlet on the boiler (min. 180 mm). The chimney draught must achieve prescribed values (see the technical specifications in the boiler manual). However, the boiler must not be excessively high so as not to reduce the efficiency of the boiler and not to disturb its combustion (tear the flame). In case of too strong draught install a throttling flap or draught reducer in the flue gas duct between the boiler and the chimney.

Guideline values of dimensions of the chimney cross-section:

20 x 20 cm	height 9 m
Ø 20 cm	height 10 m

The exact determination of chimney dimensions is defined by the ČSN 73 4201 standard. The prescribed chimney draught is specified in the "Technical data" chapter of the manual of the particular boiler.



**CAUTION** - The draught of the chimney during operation must ensure the minimum vacuum of 2 Pa in the combustion chamber of the boiler.

### 7. Flue gas duct of the boiler

The flue gas duct from the boiler must lead to the chimney vent. If the boiler cannot be connected directly to the chimney vent, the corresponding flue gas duct adapter must be as short as possible with regard to the particular conditions, but not longer than 1 m, without additional heating surface and it must rise towards the chimney. Flue gas ducts must be mechanically strong and leak-proof for flue gas and cleanable inside. Flue gas ducts must not lead through other owners' residential or commercial units. The inner cross-section of the flue gas duct must not be larger than the inner cross-section of the smoke uptake and must not get narrower towards the chimney. The use of smoke elbows is not suitable. Designs of passages of flue gas ducts through structures of flammable materials are defined in Annexes 2 and 3 of ČSN 061008 and are mainly suitable for mobile units, wooden huts, etc.



Flue gas thermometer
Cleaning opening
Draught regulator (throttling flap)



**INFO** - In case of too strong draught of the chimney install a draught regulator (limiter)  $\frac{3}{3}$  or a throttling flap in the flue gas duct, see the ATMOS price list.

### 8. Fire protection within the installation and use of heat appliances

Extract from ČSN 061008 - Fire safety of local appliances and sources of heat

#### Safe distances

On installation of an appliance the safe distance from building materials must be maintained, at least 200 mm. This distance is valid for boilers and flue gas ducts located near flammable materials of the B, C1 and C2 flammability class (the flammability class is specified in tab. no. 1). The safety distance (200 mm) must be doubled if boilers and flue gas ducts are located near flammable materials of the C3 class (see tab. no.1). The safety distance must be doubled if the flammability class of flammable material is not evidenced. The safety distance may be reduced to a half (100 mm) if you use a non-flammable heat insulating panel (asbestos panel) with the thickness of at least 5 mm, located 25 mm from the protected flammable material (flammable insulation). A shielding panel or protective screen (on the protected object) must exceed the outline of the boilers (incl. flue gas ducts) at each side by at least 150 mm and the top surface of the boiler by at least 300 mm. A shielding panel or protective screen must also be used to protect fixtures of flammable materials if the safe distance cannot be maintained (e.g. in mobile units, huts, etc. - more details in ČSN 061008). The safety

distance must also be maintained in case of installation of fixtures near boilers.

If boilers are located on a floor of flammable materials, they must be installed on a non-flammable, heat-insulating pad, exceeding the ground plan at the side of the feeding and ashpan opening by at least 300 mm before the opening - at the other sides by at least 100 mm. As non-flammable, heat insulation pads you can use all materials of the A flammability class.

Tab. nr.1		
Flammability classes of building materials and products		
A - no flammability	granite, sandstone, concrete, brick, ceramic tiles, mortar, fire-resist- ant plastering, etc.	
B - difficult flammability	Akumin, Izomin, cemented fibreboard, Lignos, panels of basalt felt, fibreglass panels, Novodur	
C1 - poor flammability	hardwood (oak, beech), hardboard panels, plywood, Sirkolit, Wer- zalit, hardened paper (Formica, Ecrona)	
C2 - medium flammability	softwood (pine, larch, spruce), chipboard and cork panels, rubber flooring (Industrial, Super)	
C3 - high flammability	Fibreboard panels (Hobra, Sololak, Sololit), cellulose materials, polyurethane, polystyrene, polyethylene, lightened PVC	



WARNING - In circumstances leading to the danger of transient ingress of flammable gases or vapours and during work that might result in a temporary risk of a fire or explosion (e.g. gluing of linoleum, PVC, etc.) the boilers must be put out of operation in time before the occurrence of the danger. No objects of flammable substances may be put on the burner and boiler in a smaller distance than the safe distance from them (more - see ČSN EN 13501-1).

In short, do not put any items that could easily catch fire in the vicinity of the boiler.

9. Connection of the boiler D80P, P80 with a buffer tank and burner control by the TS and TV sensors, separate control of the heating system by electronic control unit ACD 01 / ACD 03/04



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**INFO** – The TK sensor placed in boiler pocket (from production), the TV and TS sensors (boiler accessory) on the buffer (accumulation) tank are connected directly to the burner. Regulation of the boiler's exhaust fan (R) and pump in boiler circuit (R2) from the burner ATMOS A85. Regulation of the functions of the pneumatic cleaning from the burner's AC07X regulation with additional AC07X-C module – compressor (R5) and pneumatic el. valve (R6).

ACD01 regulation controls the heating system only.

Required accessories (is part of the burner): nothing needs to be bought

(ACD 01 controler is not part of the delivery)

System configuration of parameters: S6 = 3, S14 = 12, S15 = 2, S67 = 15, S68 = 16

The pump in the boiler circuit is controled directly from the control unit of the ATMOS A85 burner (the pump thermostat placed on the boiler control panel connected in series with output R2 - factory settings).

# 10. Connection of the boiler D80P, P80 with a buffer tank and controlled return water in to the boiler from control unit ACD01 / ACD 03/04



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**INFO** - If using electronic regulation ACD01 / ACD 03/04, we do not connect any set or other sensors in the boiler.

The sensors supplied as a part of the burner can be also used for ACD01 / ACD 03/04 regulation (TV = PF and TS = KSPF).

Regulation of the boiler's exhaust fan (R) directly from the burner ATMOS A85.

Regulation of the functions of the pneumatic cleaning from the burner's AC07X with additional AC07X-C module – compressor (R5) and pneumatic el. valve (R6).

ACD01 / ACD 03/04 regulation controls the whole operation of both the boiler and the heating system except exhaust fan of the boiler and pneumatic cleaning of the burner (direct controled from the burner).

System configuration of parameters: S6 = 3, S14 = 12, S15 = 1, S67 = 15, S68 = 16

# 11. Connection of the boiler and burner to the electric mains

**Only connect the burner** to the 230 V, 50 Hz electric mains **via the boiler** with a mains cable without a plug so that the conductors (L, N) should not be interchanged. The mains supply must be replaced with the same type by a repair organization. The boiler must be positioned in such a way that the connector on the burner can be within the operator's reach (in accordance with ČSN EN 60335-1).



**CAUTION** - Boilers with a burner may only be connected by a qualified person in accordance with all the relevant valid regulations of the particular country while great attention must be paid to safe earthing of the boiler.

After the installation of the burner on the boiler the technician must connect the burner and subsequently the entire boiler to the electric mains in accordance with the attached wiring diagram (page 20).

#### **Connection:**

Between the burner and boiler a six-wire cable is newly used that is connected with one end to the burner with a 6-pin connector (part of the burner) and the other end with a 6-pin connector to the boiler.

The meaning of the conductors is as follows:

- Black phase L1 (230V, 50Hz) With the main switch of the boiler on the black conductor is permanently live (independently of the control thermostat of the boiler). It is the supply voltage of the burner. This phase must be fuse protected via the safety thermostat of the boiler (95 110 °C).
- **Brown phase L2** (230V, 50Hz) The brown conductor is controlled by the control or another thermostat on the boiler panel. It brings the phase, impulse for the burner start. It is perceived as the starting (ignition) and shutdown signal. This phase must also be fuse protected via the safety thermostat of the boiler. (95 110 °C).
- **Grey reserve R (L3)** (230V/50Hz) The grey conductor is connected directly to the 6-pin connector on the boiler. It serves as the free reserve for various functions of the boiler, characterized with the S6 parameter. In this case it serves to control the **solenoid valve** of the burner's pneumatic cleaning.
- **Red reserve R2** (230V/50Hz) The red conductor is connected directly to the 6-pin connector on the boiler. It serves as the second free reserve for various functions of the boiler, characterized with the S14 parameter. In this case it serves to control the **compressor** of the burner's pneumatic cleaning.
- **Blue -** N Neutral The blue conductor is connected to the neutral conductor.
- Yellow and green PE Protective Earthing The yellow and green conductor is connected to the earth.



**NOTE** - The burner and the boiler fan are newly connected by a three line cable of the speed sensor. One end of the cable connects to the burner by a 3-pin connector (part of the boiler fan cable) and the other one connects to the draught fan connector in the boiler casing.

# 12. Connection diagram of the electronic unit AC07X with additional AC07X-C module for A85 burner





**CAUTION** - For the connection of the TS, TV, TK and TSV sensors the connection of individual wires is not decisive (can be interchanged). The TK and TSV sensors are not part of the delivery, they must be purchased additionally within the set or separately. AC07X-C additional module is for DxxPX and PXxx boilers designed to controle pneumatic cleaning system of the pellet burner via paramteres S67 and S68.

# 13. Electric diagram of the burner ATMOS A85 - 6-pin connector - model AC07X - (R, R2, sensors TV, TS, TK, TSV) with additional module AC07X-C - (R5, R6) for control of pellet burner pneumatic ash cleaning system





14. Wire diagram for D80P, P80 boiler with a exhaust fan, model AC07X with a 6-pin connector, control of the boiler's exhaust fan (R), pump in boiler circuit (R2) from the burner, control of pneumatic cleaning operation from control unit of the burner with additional module AC07X-C - compressor (R5) and pneumatic valve via (R6)



### **15.** Commissioning



**CAUTION** - The system may only be put in operation if the burner is connected to the boiler, the boiler to a chimney with sufficient draught via a flue gas duct and in the fuel bin there is a sufficient quantity of pellets of the corresponding quality. Pellets made of soft wood without bark, i.e. white pellets with the diameter of 6 to 8 mm and length of 5 to 25 mm are considered as high-quality pellets. These pellets do not cake. Burning of dark pellets or pellets with bark that contain visible dark dots produces cake that must be removed from the burner mouth once a day. Otherwise the combustion chamber and the feeding hose from the conveyor will get clogged.

For this reason the basic version of ATMOS burner A85 is equipped with pneumatic cleaning which cleanses the burner's combustion chamber after every burn out or at regular intervals (factory setting is 4 hours – parameter S42, S43). Thanks to pneumatic cleaning you can check or clean the burner's combustion chamber only once in a fortnight or a month.



**INFO** - The pellets have to be stored in dry and clean containers (areas). When filling the fuel bin, the pellets **must not be contaminated by foreign objects** that could cause a **blockage of the conveyor** or have an impact on the burning process.

#### Requirements for the external conveyor and pellet bin at the first start of the burner:

- The worm conveyor must be positioned in the bin in such a way to be able to easily pick up pellets. In the case of a fuel bin whose pellet level will be higher than 2 metres a roof will have to be installed over the conveyor to prevent blocking of the conveyor. Blocking of the conveyor is caused by dust in the pellets in combination with high pressure caused by the height of the pellet level. **ATMOS 250, 500 and 1000 l pellet bins do not require the installation of the roof.**
- The hose between the burner and conveyor must be tensioned, properly fixed and must have such an inclination to enable trouble-free falling of pellets to the burner.
- The connector of the work conveyor must be plugged into the socket on the burner.

#### Procedure of drawing pellets to the conveyor

• Plug the connector of the external worm conveyor to a standard wall socket. As soon as the first pellets get over the top point and start to fall to the burner via the elastic hose, plug the connector of the external worm conveyor back into the socket on the burner.

#### Normal operation:

• On the control thermostat on the boiler panel set the required operation temperature of 80 - 90 °C and turn on the switch of the burner located on the boiler panel and the main switch.

#### The STARTup mechanism consists of the following steps:

- At the start the **worm conveyor and the ignition spiral are started** (the fan on the burner and the boiler is stopped).
- The worm conveyor will run for the time set by **parameter T1**, necessary for the delivery of the amount for pellets for optimum ignition. After the delivery of the ignition amount of fuel the

worm conveyor will stop. The burner fan will be started at the ignition speed - parameter S2 as well as the extraction fan.

- After the ignition of pellets **the photocell will sense light**, which will cause the **ignition spiral to switch off** with a slight delay.
- The burner will pass over to the stage of perfect burning of fuel set by parameter T7.

#### The OPERATION algorithm consists of the following steps:

- When the fuel burns perfectly, the burner will get to the stage of gradual increase of the power to the nominal value parameter T10.
- After achieving the nominal power the burner works in the normal mode until the heating system or the accumulation tank is heated to the required temperature. **The power of the burner results from the hourly quantity of pellets** delivered by the worm conveyor to the combustion chamber. The worm conveyor **works in the intermittent mode set by parameters T4 and T6**. Parameters T4 and T6 are set in accordance with the instructions on page 25.
- After setting the nominal power of the burner you must also set the **amount of combustion air** necessary for complete burning of fuel. The setup is done using **air flap of the burner fan** and by changing speed of the burner fan (parameter S3). **The exact setting should be carried out by a trained person with the use of a flue gas analyzer.**

#### The burning out algorithm is designed as follows:

After the achievement of the set temperature at the boiler thermostat (e.g. 85 °C) or temperature in the accumulation tank - temperature at the bottom sensor (TS), the electronic control unit of the burner will switch off the external worm conveyor. Thanks to this, the pellets in the combustion chamber will burn out. Optimal burning out of pellets in the combustion chamber is additionally supported by the operation of the burner fan for a certain time - parameter T5. After subsequent drop of the temperature of water in the boiler or discharge of the accumulation tank - temperature at the top sensor (TV), the burner will be re-started in the same way as described in the text above. If the accumulation tank is connected to a solar exchanger and activating functions for automatic optimization (switching) of sensors, parameter S15 = 3, the burner may be turned off by sensor TK instead of sensor TS.

#### The other algorithms are designed in the following way:

- If the first attempt for ignition with fuel supply fails, the burner will repeat the whole algorithm. After the second unsuccessful attempt for ignition with fuel supply the burner will proceed to the third attempt during which the fuel is not supplied any longer, but only the ignition spiral is active. After this unsuccessful attempt the burner will be put out of operation as the system has probably run out of pellets or a fault has occurred.
- In case of a short-term interruption of power supply to the burner, **the burner will automatically renew its operation** after performing diagnostic checks, complete burning out of pellets, pneumatic cleaning of the burner and a new start.



**INFO** - This sequence has been set intentionally to ensure safe and trouble-free operation of the burner.

# 16. Control and setting of the burner

#### **Display and control panel**

The electronic control unit of the burner is equipped with four keys for easy and intuitive control.

Enter - key for confirming a command and parameter or for entering a menu

Esc - key for return from a menu

1 Up arrow - key for browsing in the menus or for increasing the value of a parameter

**Down arrow** - key for browsing in the menus or for decreasing the value of a parameter



INFO - To open the Main Menu, press the Enter key.

The **PARAMETER** submenu will appear on the display. To change the basic **permitted parameters** of the burner, confirm again - press the **Enter** key.

To switch off OFF (STOP) or to switch on ON (START) the burner or to get to the INFORMATION, PASSWORD or TESTING submenus, do not confirm the (PARAMETER) submenu, but continue with the up or down arrow. Always confirm the ON (START) and OFF (STOP) command or entering the particular submenu by pressing the Enter key. In the same way you can browse and open individual menus and particular parameters in the menus. You can enter specific values or numbers with the up (+) or down (-) arrow. Confirm the desired value with the Enter key. To return one step backwards or completely to the main screen press the Esc key once or repeatedly.

#### **Display with keys:**

- 1. Information about the burner status **START** – start-up stage **RUN** – normal operation **STOP** – burning-down stage or stand-by mode
- 2. Temperature **TV** (see page 49) only if TS and TV sensor are connected
- 3. Temeperature **TS** (see page 49) only if TS and TV sensor are connected
- Symbol line information about the operation of particular devices of the burner (see page 56)



#### MAIN menu

**ON (START)** – This is the command to switch on the burner. Confirm the switch-on command by pressing the **Enter** key.

**OFF (STOP)** – This is the command to switch off the burner. Confirm the switch-off command by pressing the **Enter** key.

**PARAMETERS** – This is a **separate menu** where individual parameters and functions can be set depending on the type of the boiler and heating system and the authorization level.

- **INFORMATION** This is a **separate menu** where you can view the current status of individual devices and elements on the A25 burner.
- **PASSWORD** This is a very important parameter, **designed only for service engineers.** After entering the required password the service engineer is allowed to change some parameters depending on the authorization level.
- MODULE shows actual connected additional module, e.g. AC07X-C.
- PROFIL shows actual set burner profile A25, A25 pneu, A25 GSP, A25 GSP pneu, A25PX, A25PX pneu, A45, A45 pneu, A85, A85 pneu, A85 pneu C

Basic authorization levels: User, service engineer (installer), manufacturer

#### Accessible parameters depending on authorization:

Customer: T1, T4, T6, S16, S17, S18, S19, Restart, Language

Service engineer: T1,T2, T4, T5, T6, T7, T8, T10, S1, S2, S3, S6, S11, S12, S13, S14, S15, S16, S17, S18, S19, S24, S26, S27, S28, S29, S30, S31, S32, S33, S34, S35, S36, S37, S38, S39, S40, S41, S42, S43, S44, S45, S48, S49, S50, S51, S52, S53, S54, S55, S56, S57, S58, S59, S60, S61, S62, S63, S64, S65, S66, S67, S68, OffsetTS, OffsetTV, OffsetTK, OffsetTSV, Reset, Restart, Language

#### Manufacturer: all



**CAUTION - The customer is expressly prohibited to change parameters or functions of the burner without consent of the manufacturer or service engineer although some of them are not directly protected with a password.** Otherwise the manufacturer reserves the right to decline the guarantee due to an inexpert intervention into the burner. **Particular passwords are production secret of the ATMOS Company and the service engineer (installer) is not authorized to provide them to anybody without the manufacturer's consent.** 



**INFO** - After replacement of any ignition spiral the **service engineer must enter the password: 1234, which will reset the check algorithms** for the ignition spirals. Without entering of this password the ignition spirals will never be started (activated).

#### Passwords and their functions

Password	Authorization / function	
	Service engineer	
	Manufacturer	
8118	Switching off and on the fan speed control	
	Locking and unlocking all parameters	
1234 Reset of check algorithms for the ignition spirals		

**TESTING** – This is a **separate menu** in which you can individually test individual elements of the burner in case of unclear issues or faults.



**CAUTION** – During testing the burner is out of operation and therefore before the start of testing let the burner properly burn out.

#### PARAMETERS menu

- **Device** Product type the electronic unit is designed for... (A85 pneu C) (A25, A25 pneu, A25 GSP, A25 GSP pneu, A25PX, A25PX pneu, A45, A45 pneu, A85, A85 pneu, A85 pneu C)
- **Parameter T1** Time for feeding the ignition amount of pellets... (85 s)
- Parameter T2 Maximum time for ignition of pellets (then a new attempt for ignition follows)... (15 min)
- Parameter T4 Running time of the worm conveyor after a standstill interval power control... (8,3 s)
- **Parameter T5** Rundown time of the fan after the STOP command for optimal burning out of pellets in the combustion chamber... (25 min)
- Parameter T6 Standstill time of the worm conveyor after a running interval power control... (12 s.)
- Parameter T7 Time to achieve complete burning of the ignition amount of fuel... (40 s)
- **Parameter T8** Time of fixed start of the ignition spiral in case of insufficiently burned out pellets in the combustion chamber after expiration of parameter T5 only valid for the first ignition attempt... (6 min)
- **Parameter T10** Time for gradual increase of the power of the burner to the nominal value... (20 min) if **T10** = 0, the function is off.

#### Setting up required output and combustion quality:

#### Required output is set up by parameters T4 and T6

The real output is, however, also affected by pellet diameter and an angle of the conveyor. That is why it is necessary to know that when conveyor angle or pellet diameter were changed after set-up of the burner, the burner must be set up again.

**Quality of combustion is set up with the fan's air flap** in such way that the flame ends at the front edge of the combustion chamber spherical space. This means that in boiler D80P, P80 flames fill the entire space of the combustion chamber. However, reaching of the flames as far as the spherical space of the boiler's body must be prevented.

Accurate final set-up of combustion is to be done after the boiler had been in continuous operation for 30 to 60 minutes. The best way is to use an exhaust analyzer. We recommend to set up the burner so that surplus  $O_2$  in exhaust gas fluctuates between 7 to 10 % and average CO is less than 250 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Exhaust gas temperature must never drop below 110 °C and rise above 250 °C.



INFO - Although the burner has many functionalities (parameters), these only relate to set up of the basic ones, which characterize output of the burner T4, T6 and quality of combustion – fan's speed S3, air flap opening

Approximate recommended set up of the burner for separate outputs when using conveyors DRA50 – 1.7, 2.5, 4 and 5 m, 6 mm pellets and the conveyor at an angle of 45°:

Boiler output	Parameter T1	Parameter T4	Parameter T6	Parameter S3	Opening of the air flap on the burner fan of a boiler with an exhaust fan
50 – 60 kW	85 s	5 s	12 s	30 %	47 mm
70 – 80 kW	85 s	8,3 s	12 s	47 %	67 mm



CAUTION - Parameter T4 must never be set higher than 9 s.



**INFO** – If necessary, when there is little space in the boiler room, you may shorten the conveyor (screw) or its legs as you wish at any time, but in such way that the conveyor angle remains smaller than  $45^{\circ}$ .

Minimum length of the pipe between the burner and the conveyor must be more than **30 cm.** Maximum length of the pipe should not exceed 1 m.

• Parameter S1 – Allowed number of attempts for ignition with fuel supply....(2).

If parameter S1 is set to 4, the fuel will always be ignited with both the ignition elements at the same time (Z1 + Z2) in 2 attempts for ignition with fuel supply.



**CAUTION** - Always after the last attempt for ignition with fuel supply given by parameter S1, an attempt for ignition without fuel supply will follow to test the equipment. If the fuel is not ignited after this attempt, the system will be put out of operation and the **ALARM START** error message will appear.

• Parameter S2 - fan speed at the START ...(1 %) - do not change

**CAUTION - 0 % = 700 rpm. If S2 = 0,** the fan is off at the start.

• Parameter S3 – Fan speed during normal RUN ... (47 %)

In normal circumstances we do not recommend you to change prescribe fan speed as it influences cooling and cleaning of inner parts of the burner. Only use the air flap to set the air quantity.

• Parameter S4 – Fuel ignition control method ...(1) If:

a) S4 = 1 .... Photocell sensing

• **Parameter S6** – characterizes the first **reserve R** - additional output - function ... (3) The first reserve R is used for controlling boiler exhaust fan.



CAUTION – In the standard setting when **parameter S1 is set to 2**, you can connect to the reserve terminal R, R2, R5 and R6 an appliance with the **maximum current of 2.46** A (approx. 566 VA).

In the setting when **parameter S1 is set to 4**, which means that at the start both the ignition spirals are activated simultaneously, you can connect to the reserve terminal R, R2, R5 and R6 an appliance with the **maximum current of 0.29 A (approx. 67 VA)**.

If:

a) S6 = 1... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be closed and the reserve output will be energized. Thanks to this you can start a spare source of energy for heating of the building as e.g. a gas, electric or oil boiler.

b) S6 = 2.... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be opened and the reserve output will not be energized. Thanks to this a signal can be sent to an electrically backed up AB01 ATMOS GSM module controller that will send information that there is a system fault or the system is not energized. This is the opposite logic (to S6 = 1), which means that during normal operation the reserve is energized.

c) S6 = 3..... The reserve function as the output function for the burner fan, when the reserve output is closed, is energized always when the burner fan is running (fan mode only 100 % or OFF). This function is applied if you want the boiler fan or extraction fan in the chimney to run together with the burner fan. This function is designed for direct control of an fan directly from the burner (e.g. D80P, P80, DxxPX, PXxx).

d) S6 = 4..... The reserve function as the reversed function of the output for the burner fan, when the reserve output is off, is not energized always when the burner fan is running. This function is always activated if you connect the A25 burner with the AS25 set containing the AD02 or AD03 module, which in this case controls the extraction fan of the boiler. Install the

AD02 or AD03 module under the instrument hood of the boiler and connect it electrically between the boiler terminal board and the extraction fan, see the wiring diagram.

This setting and connection with AD02 or AD03 module and special connector (jumper to main switch) is standardly used for SP(X) boilers with the function for automatic start after wood is burnt out activated (AUTOSTART - S34 = 1 or S34 = 2). Boiler exhaust fan is running simultaneously with the pellet burner during the AUTOSTART function.

e) S6 = 5... Reserve function as the output function for the Z1 ignition spiral when the reserve copies the run of the ignition spiral.

f) S6 = 6.... Cleaning function of the combustion chamber or grill (flap). If the burner is in the normal START, RUN and STOP mode, the output is not energized. The output is only energized for the limited time T11, which continues immediately after the expiration of time T5 in the STOP mode. It is not used with the A25 burner.

g) S6 = 7..... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor (cycles between time T4 and T6). The reserve output work independently of the condition of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the standard output for the external conveyor gets damaged, the reserve will work independently in accordance with the same program, and therefore it can be used as a replacement for the damaged output.

h) S6 = 8.... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor (cycles between time T4 and T6). The reserve works in dependence on the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output for the external conveyor gets damaged, the reserve will be switched off automatically. This function is suitable in situations when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to the main conveyor from which the pellets fall directly to the burner.

i) S6 = 9..... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor, but with the difference that it does not cycle, but runs permanently both during the drawing of the ignition amount and during both the times T4 and T6. Thus, the other external conveyor runs continuously and works independently of the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output to the main external conveyor from which pellets directly fall to the burner gets damaged, the reserve will keep working independently. This function can be used in cases when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to a pellet bin at the boiler from which the main external conveyor must always be controlled with an additional level sensor (level meter) that will maintain the level of pellets in the pellet bin at the boiler.

j) S6 = 10.... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor, but with the difference that it does not cycle, but runs permanently both during the drawing of the ignition amount and during both the times T4 and T6. Thus, the other external conveyor runs continuously, but it works in dependence on the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output for the external conveyor from which pellets fall directly to the burner gets damaged, the reserve will be switched off automatically. This function is convenient in cases when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets **from a larger distance to a pellet bin at the boiler** from which the main external conveyor draws pellets to supply them directly to the burner. **Caution** - the other external conveyor must always be controlled with an additional level sensor (level meter) that will maintain the level of pellets in the pellet bin at the boiler. This is a similar function to S6 = 9, but with a higher degree of safety.

**k**) S6 = 11... Reserve function for controlling boiler exhaust fan for SP(X) boiler types when the function for automatic start after wood is burnt out is activated. This function ensures that boiler exhaust fan is running only during wood burning after the wood is burnt out. When the burner is run on pellets, the boiler exhaust fan remains switched off. This function is used if you do not need or want to use the boiler exhaust fan while the burner is running. Install the AD02 module under the instrument hood of the boiler and connect it electrically between the boiler terminal board and the extraction fan, see the wiring diagram.



WARNING – this is not a standard setting for SP(X) boilers with the function of automatic start

(AUTOSTART - S34 = 1 or S34 = 2) after wood is burnt out (standard setting is S6 = 4).

I) S6 = 12....Reserve function for direct control of pump in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (boiler terminal board). This function controls the pump in the boiler circuit without using AD02 or AD03 modules. This is applicable only for boilers that do not allow heating with wood (not even in emergency situations). E.g. D14P, P14, D21P, P21, D25P, P25, D80P, P80, DxxPX, PXxx. Pump output must be switched to reserve R on the boiler terminal board and the TK sensor must be installed before this function can be activated. After activation, S37, S38, S39, S40 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

m) S6 = 13....Reserve function is the reverse output function for controlling the pump in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (output cable from boiler with a connector – white inside) via AD02 or AD03 modules. This function controls the pump in the boiler circuit using AD02 or AD03 modules ranged into a set with pump thermostat installed into the boiler panel. This method of pump controlling can be used for any ATMOS pellet boiler, and is therefore recommended. AD02 or AD03 modules must be inserted and connected under the boiler hood and the TK sensor must be installed before this function can be activated. After activation, S37, S38, S39, S40 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

**n**) S6 = 14..... Reserve function for direct control of solar heating pump from the burner regulation (boiler terminal board). This function control solar pump when automatic sensor switching function is activated (S15=3), where the boiler is connected with accumulation tank equipped with solar exchanger and collectors. The system requires TV, TK, TS and solar sensors to be connected to the TSV solar panel. This function never uses AD02 or AD03 modules.

After activation, S26, S27, S28, S29, S30, S31, S32, S33 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

This function is specially designed for boilers: D14P, P14, D15P, P15, D20P, P20, D21P, P21, D25P and P25



**CAUTION** - the direct controlling function of solar heating from pellet burner cannot be used for SP(X) boilers and boilers with burner built into the upper doors. This function also cannot be used when the pump is simultaneously controlled in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (TK sensor cannot be simultaneously in boiler and accumulation tank)

o) S6 = 15... Reserve function for the compressor control during the function for automatic burner cleaning using compressed air. Power element designed for switching and powering the compressor (e.g. contactor) must be connected between reserve output R and the compressor. This function is connected with S6(14), S41, S42, S43, S44, S45, S46, S47 parameter, which must be checked and configured.

**p)** S6 = 16... Reserve function for controlling el.fan during the function for automatic burner cleaning using compressed air. This function is connected with S6 (14), S41, S42, S43, S44, S45, S46, S47 parameter, which must be checked and configured.

# Special function for turning on reserve output R according to the temperature of a concrete sensor:

**a) e.g. function:** TS>..... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A, reserve output R will be activated

**b) e.g. function:** TS<..... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A, reserve output R will be deactivated

c) e.g. function: TS,TV>..... means that if the TS and TV sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A and S50 – Temperature B, reserve output R will be activated (Temperature A = first position (TS), Temperature B = second position (Tv)).

**d) e.g. function** TS,TK<..... means that if the TS and TK sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A and S50 – Temperature B, reserve output R will be deactivated (Temperature A = first position (TS), Temperature B = second position (Tk)).

Individual functions:

(17) TS>	(27) TS,TK>
(18) TS<	(28) TS,TK<
(19) TV>	(29) TS,TSV>
(20) TV<	(30) TS,TSV<
(21) TK>	(31) TV,TK>
(22) TK<	(32) TV,TK<
(23) TSV>	(33) TV,TSV>
(24) TSV<	(34) TV,TSV<
(25) TS,TV>	(35) TK,TSV>
(26) TS,TV<	(36) TK,TSV<

• Parameter S7 – Function of the main external pellet conveyor – do not change in any case... (1) if:

a) S7 = 1.... Standard function when in the START mode the external conveyor supplies the ignition amount of fuel during **time T1**, when it runs continuously. In the RUN mode the external conveyor doses fuel by alternating times T4 (run) and T6 (standstill).

• **Parameter S10** – Specifies the behaviour of the burner in case of a power supply failure or when

the boiler is activated with the main switch – do not change in any case ..... (1)

a) S10 = 1... Function when after a power supply failure the electronic control unit tests the status of the burner, evaluating with the use of the photocell or by means of the flue gas temperature that the burner (boiler) is still burning. Subsequently, it first passes into the **burning out mode T5** after which it proceeds to the new START immediately.

b) S10 = 2... Function when after a power supply failure the electronic control unit tests the status of the burner, evaluating with the use of the photocell or by means of the flue gas temperature that the burner (boiler) is still burning passes over directly to the normal **RUN** mode in accordance with a certain algorithm.



# CAUTION - Never use for the A85 burner - function for other types of devices (danger of return burning)

- Parameter S11 Photocell sensitivity threshold for fuel ignition ...... (30 %) do not change
- Parameter S12 Photocell sensitivity for flame sensing threshold for embers... (1 %) do not change
- **Parameter S13** Fixed running time of the ignition spiral ...... (0 min) do not change Function of the ignition spiral when at every start the ignition spiral runs for a fixed time defined by a direct value, independently on flame evaluation by the photocell or flue gas sensor. It is designed for special applications and in the case of its activation the function of automatic flame sensing from embers, characterized by parameter S12, is automatically switched off.
- Parameter S14 characterizes the second reserve R2 additional output function ... (12) The second reserve R2 is used for controlling the pump in boiler circuit



CAUTION – In the standard setting when **parameter S1 is set to 2**, you can connect to the reserve R, R2, R5 and R6 reserve terminal an appliance with the **maximum current of 2.46** A (approx. 566 VA).

In the setting when **parameter S1 is set to 4**, which means that at the start both the ignition spirals are activated simultaneously, you can connect to the reserve R, R2, R5 and R6 terminal an applian¬ce with the **maximum current of 0.29 A (approx. 67 VA).** 

if:

a) S14 = 1... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be closed and the reserve output will be energized. Thanks to this you can start a spare source of energy for heating of the building as e.g. a gas, electric or oil boiler.

b) S14 = 2... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be opened and the reserve output will not be energized. Thanks to this a signal can be sent to an electrically backed up AB01 ATMOS GSM module controller that will send information that there is a system fault or the system is not energized. This is the opposite logic (to S14 = 1), which means that during normal operation the reserve is energized.

c) S14 = 3.... The reserve function as the output function for the burner fan, when the reserve output is closed, is energized always when the burner fan is running (fan mode only 100 % or OFF). This function is applied if you want the boiler fan or extraction fan in the chimney to run together with the burner fan. This function is designed for direct control of an fan directly from the burner (e.g. D80P, P80, DxxPX, PXxx).

d) S14 = 4..... The reserve function as the reversed function of the output for the burner fan, when the reserve output is off, is not energized always when the burner fan is running. This function is always activated if you connect the A25 burner with the AS25 set containing the AD02 or AD03 module, which in this case controls the extraction fan of the boiler. Install the AD02 or AD03 module under the instrument hood of the boiler and connect it electrically between the boiler terminal board and the extraction fan, see the wiring diagram. This setting and connection with AD02 or AD03 module and special connector (jumper to main switch) is standardly used for SP(X) boilers with the function for automatic start after wood is burnt out activated (AUTOSTART – S34 = 1 or S34 = 2). Boiler exhaust fan is running

simultaneously with the pellet burner during the AUTOSTART function.

e) S14 = 5... Reserve function as the output function for the Z1 ignition spiral when the reserve copies the run of the ignition spiral.

f) S14 = 6... Cleaning function of the combustion chamber or grill (flap). If the burner is in the normal START, RUN and STOP mode, the output is not energized. The output is only energized for the limited time T11, which continues immediately after the expiration of time T5 in the STOP mode. It is not used with the A25 burner.

g) S14 = 7..... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor (cycles between time T4 and T6). The reserve output work independently of the condition of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the standard output for the external conveyor gets damaged, the reserve will work independently in accordance with the same program, and therefore it can be used as a replacement for the damaged output.

h) S14 = 8.... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor (cycles between time T4 and T6). The reserve works in dependence on the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output for the external conveyor gets damaged, the reserve will be switched off automatically. This function is suitable in situations when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to the main conveyor from which the pellets fall directly to the burner.

i) S14 = 9... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor, but with the difference that it **does not cycle**,

but runs permanently both during the drawing of the ignition amount and during both the times T4 and T6. Thus, the other external conveyor runs continuously and works independently of the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output to the main external conveyor from which pellets directly fall to the burner gets damaged, the reserve will keep working independently. This function can be used in cases when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to a pellet bin at the boiler from which the main external conveyor draws pellets to supply them directly to the burner. Caution - the other external conveyor must always be controlled with an additional level sensor (level meter) that will maintain the level of pellets in the pellet bin at the boiler.

j) S14 = 10..... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor, but with the difference that it does not cycle, but runs permanently both during the drawing of the ignition amount and during both the times T4 and T6. Thus, the other external conveyor runs continuously, but it works in dependence on the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output for the external conveyor from which pellets fall directly to the burner gets damaged, the reserve will be switched off automatically. This function is convenient in cases when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to a pellet bin at the boiler from which the main external conveyor draws pellets to supply them directly to the burner. Caution - the other external conveyor must always be controlled with an additional level sensor (level meter) that will maintain the level of pellets in the pellet bin at the boiler. This is a similar function to S6 = 9, but with a higher degree of safety.

**k**) S14 = 11... Reserve function for controlling boiler exhaust fan for SP(X) boiler types when the function for automatic start after wood is burnt out is activated. This function ensures that boiler exhaust fan is running only during wood burning after the wood is burnt out. When the burner is run on pellets, the boiler exhaust fan remains switched off. This function is used if you do not need or want to use the boiler exhaust fan while the burner is running. Install the AD02 module under the instrument hood of the boiler and connect it electrically between the boiler terminal board and the extraction fan, see the wiring diagram.



**WARNING** – this is not a standard setting for SP(X) boilers with the function of automatic start (AUTOSTART – S34 = 1 or S34 = 2) after wood is burnt out (standard setting is S6 = 4).

I) S14 = 12....Reserve function for direct control of pump in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (boiler terminal board). This function controls the pump in the boiler circuit without using AD02 or AD03 modules. This is applicable only for boilers that do not allow heating with wood (not even in emergency situations). E.g. D14P, P14, D21P, P21, D25P, P25, D80P, P80, DxxPX, PXxx. Pump output must be switched to reserve R2 on the boiler terminal board and the TK sensor must be installed before this function can be activated. After activation, S37, S38, S39, S40 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

m) S14 = 13....Reserve function is the reverse output function for controlling the pump in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (output cable from boiler with a connector – white inside) via AD02 or AD03 modules. This function controls the pump in the boiler circuit using AD02 or AD03 modules ranged into a set with pump thermostat installed into the boiler panel.

This method of pump controlling can be used for any ATMOS pellet boiler, and is therefore recommended. AD02 or AD03 modules must be inserted and connected under the boiler hood and the TK sensor must be installed before this function can be activated. After activation, S37, S38, S39, S40 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

**n**) S14 = 14..... Reserve function for direct control of solar heating pump from the burner regulation (boiler terminal board). This function control solar pump when automatic sensor switching function is activated (S15 = 3), where the boiler is connected with accumulation tank equipped with solar exchanger and collectors. The system requires TV, TK, TS and solar sensors to be connected to the TSV solar panel. This function never uses AD02 or AD03 modules.

After activation, S26, S27, S28, S29, S30, S31, S32, S33 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

This function is specially designed for boilers: D14P, P14, D15P, P15, D20P, P20, D21P, P21, D25P and P25



**CAUTION** - the direct controlling function of solar heating from pellet burner cannot be used for SP(X) boilers and boilers with burner built into the upper doors. This function also cannot be used when the pump is simultaneously controlled in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (TK sensor cannot be simultaneously in boiler and accumulation tank)

o) S14 = 15... Reserve function for the compressor control during the function for automatic burner cleaning using compressed air. Power element designed for switching and powering the compressor (e.g. contactor) must be connected between reserve output R2 and the compressor. This function is connected with S6(14), S41, S42, S43, S44, S45, S46, S47 parameter, which must be checked and configured.

**p)** S14 = 16... Reserve function for controlling el.fan during the function for automatic burner cleaning using compressed air. This function is connected with S6 (14), S41, S42, S43, S44, S45, S46, S47 parameter, which must be checked and configured.

# Special function for turning on reserve output R2 according to the temperature of a concrete sensor:

**a) e.g. function:** TS>... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C, reserve output R2 will be activated

**b) e.g. function:** TS<... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C, reserve output R2 will be deactivated

c) e.g. function: TS, TV>... means that if the TS and TV sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C and S54 – Temperature D, reserve output R2 will be activated (Temperature C = first position (TS), Temperature D = second position (Tv)).

**d) e.g. function** TS, TK<... means that if the TS and TK sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C and S54 – Temperature D, reserve output R2 will be deactivated (Temperature C = first position (TS), Temperature D = second position (Tk)).

Individual functions:

(17) TS>	(27) TS,TK>
(18) TS<	(28) TS,TK<
(19) TV>	(29) TS,TSV>
(20) TV<	(30) TS,TSV<
(21) TK>	(31) TV,TK>
(22) TK<	(32) TV,TK<
(23) TSV>	(33) TV,TSV>
(24) TSV<	(34) TV,TSV<
(25) TS,TV>	(35) TK,TSV>
(26) TS,TV<	(36) TK,TSV<

• Parameter S15 – Operation function of the burner by the two temperatures in the accumulation tank ...(1)

a) S15 = 1... The function is off, the burner works based on the thermoregulator on the boiler panel

b) S15 = 2 .... The function is activated and the pellet burner works based on the two temperatures (sensors) in the accumulation tank – TV and TS (recommended tank volume: 1000 l). The temperature of the bottom sensor (TS) is the temperature at which the burner is switched off and the fuel burns out.

The temperature of the top sensor (TV) is the temperature at which the burner is switched on again. The burner screen displays the TV and TS temperatures.

c) S15 = 3 .... The function is activated and the pellet burner works based on the two temperatures (sensors) in the accumulation tank – TV and TS (recommended tank volume: 1000 l). The temperature of the top sensor (TV) is the temperature at which the burner is switched on again. The temperature of the bottom sensor (TS or TK) is the temperature at which the burner is stopped.

Whether the burner is switched off based on the TS or TK sensor is decided by the temperature of the solar panel (TSV) and the temperature in the lower part of the accumulation tank (TS), where a solar exchange is built-in. If the solar panel can efficiently heat up water in the accumulation tank, the burner is turned off based on the TK sensor, so that the tank can store energy from the sun. If the energy delivered from the solar collector drops below a certain limit (temperature), the deactivation logic of the burner is automatically switched back to be based on the TS sensor (S26 = 1).

However, it is possible to set that the switching may only occur after a certain period of time (S29 = 2nd digit means the length of delay between switches, in hours). Another variant is to have the burner work permanently based on the TV and TK temperatures (S26 = 0).

d)  $S15 = 4 \dots$  The function is off and the burner works based on the TK temperature, protected by the thermoregulators on the boiler panel. After this function is activated, we need to check and possibly setup its temperature parameters S18 and S19.



**CAUTION** - if S15 = 2 not possible to set S6 = 14 a S14 = 14. Je-li S15 = 3 not possible to set S6 = 11, S14 = 11, S6 = 12, S14 = 12, S6 = 13, S14 = 13. Je-li S15 = 1, S15 = 4 not possible to set S14 = 14.

- Parameter S16 Temperature of the top sensor (TV) at which the burner is started..... (60 °C) It is the minimum temperature of water that can be reasonably utilized in the heating system.
- Parameter S17 The temperature of the bottom sensor ((TS, or TK for S15 = 3)) at which the burner is stopped..... (75 °C)

It is the maximum temperature of water that corresponds to requirements of the heated building and the designed heat exchangers in the system (radiators and floor heating).



**CAUTION** – Do not set this value too high to avoid disconnection of the safety thermostat on the boiler. **Always set the control thermostat on the boiler to the maximum value (95** °C). If the control thermostat on the boiler intervenes before the burner is switched off by the signal of the TS sensor in the bottom part of the accumulation tank, the system probably finds itself in the state of hydraulic imbalance and you should check and adjust it. You can e.g. throttle the shortcut in the boiler circuit or the return line from the heating system towards the accumulation tank.

- **Parameter S18** describes the required temperature of boiler TK, which the burner is switched off at if S15 = 4... (85 °C)
- Parameter S19 difference between TK temperature (for re-starting the burner) for S15 = 4...(5 K)
- Parameter S24 maximum flue gas temperature... (250 °C)

If you connect a **flue gas temperature sensor (TS)** to the burner and in a mode of the burner this limit value is exceeded, a warning message will appear on the display. It will notify the operator of the necessity to clean the heat exchanger of the boiler or the installer of the necessity to reduce the burner power to avoid **unnecessary wasting of fuel.** The operation of the burner is not limited by this message in any way and to clear the message you can just switch off and on the main switch on the boiler.

• **Parameter** S26 – is the function for defining the logic of deactivating the burner based on the TS or TK sensor, when S15 = 3. Connection of the boiler with a tank equipped with a solar exchanger... (1)

a) S26=0.... The burner permanently works based on the upper TV sensor (activation temperature) and via the TK sensor (deactivation temperature). The lower part of the tank permanently has enough room for energy from the solar collector (TS sensor)

b) S26 = 1... the burner permanently works based on the upper TV sensor (activation temperature) and the configured logic automatically takes care of switching between the middle TK sensor and lower TS sensor. Whether the burner is deactivated based on TS or TK is decided based on the temperature on the solar panel (TSV) and the temperature on the lower part of the accumulation tank (TS), where the solar exchanger is located. If the solar panel can efficiently heat up water in the accumulation tank, the burner is turned off based on the TK sensor, so that the tank can store energy from the sun.

#### • Parameter S17 - activation difference of function S26 = 1... (10 K)

If the temperature on the solar panel (TSV) exceeds the temperature in the lower part of the tank by the activation difference, the boiler deactivation function will be switched from the bottom TS sensor to the middle TK sensor.

If a function for solar panel pump control is activated directly from the boiler regulation (S6 = 14 or S14=4), the same logic will be used to activate the solar pump.

#### • Parameter S28 – deactivation difference of function S26 = 1... (3 K)

If the temperature on the solar panel (TSV) exceeds the temperature in the lower part of the tank by the deactivation difference, the boiler deactivation function will be switched from the middle TK sensor to the bottom TS sensor.

If a function for solar panel pump control is activated directly from the boiler regulation (S6 = 14 or S14 = 4), the same logic will be used to activate the solar pump.

• **Parameter S29** – is the function for delaying the automatic switching from the TK sensor back to the TS sensor for controlling the burner based on two temperatures (sensors, S15 = 3)... (0 hours)

This function will cause the function for deactivating the burner to be switched from the middle TK sensor to the bottom TS sensor after the time listed in parameter S29 passes, if the temperature on the solar panel TSV is lower or greater only by the deactivation difference (Parameter S28) than the temperature in the lower part of the tank where the solar exchange is located. The set value means the number of hours, e.g.: S29 = 2 means a switch delay of 2 hours.

- **Parameter S30** is the function of the minimal operating time of the solar pump when the conditions for its activation and then deactivation are met (function S15 = 3)... (3 min) The set value means the number of minutes, e.g.: S30 = 3 means 3 minutes
- **Parameter S31** characterizes the required temperature TS in the lower part of the accumulation tank where the solar exchanger is located, during the function of charging the accumulation tank by the solar collector. (function S15 = 3)... (75 °C) Once it is reached, the solar pump will be turned off.
- **Parameter S32** characterizes the maximum temperature TV in the accumulation tank during the function of charging the accumulation tank by the solar collector (function S15 = 3)... (100 °C) The solar pump will be turned off if it is exceeded.
- **Parameter S33** characterizes the maximum temperature TSV of the solar collector, for which the solar pump will still remain in operation (function S15 = 3)... (115 °C) The solar pump will be turned off if it is exceeded.
- **Parameter S34** is the function of automatically starting the pellet burner (AUTOSTART) after the wood burns out. The function is specially created for SP(X) burners, however it may also be used for two separate boilers... (0)
  - a) S34 = 0... The automatic start function is off

b) S34 = 1... The automatic start function is on. The pellet burner will be turned on when the temperature of exhausts TSV drops below the set value (S36 = 80), e.g. below 80 °C

c) S34 = 2... The automatic start function is on. The pellet burner will be turned on when two conditions are met:

- the temperature of the boiler TK drops below the set value (S35 = 75), e.g. below 75  $^{\circ}$ C

- the temperature of exhausts TSV drops below the set value (S36 = 80), e.g. below 80  $^{\circ}$ C

# If the function (parameter S34) is turned on in the boiler, the following practice is used for boilers SP(X):

If the boiler is burning out but the wood container still contains enough wood, we may directly **switch the boiler switch from wood to pellets.** 

The pellet burner will perform a **DIAGNOSTIC** which will be used to ascertain the current status of the boiler (temperature of exhausts, temperature of the boiler, temperature in the accumulation tank)

If the conditions for immediate start of the burner are not met (see above), the burner will remain on standby, where the flue exhaust fan will remain in operation (if set) so that the wood can properly finish burning (S6 = 4). AUTOSTART will start flashing on the burner screen.

If the AUTOSTART sign flashes slowly, the conditions set by the function (S34 = 1 or S34 = 2) are not met.

If the AUTOSTART sign flashes quickly, the previous conditions are met, but the conditions set by function (S15 = 2) are not, which means that the temperature on the accumulation tank did not drop below the value set by S16 or the regulation thermoregulator on the boiler is not activated, i.e. the end switch is not pressed (a star is not displayed on the boiler screen near the thermoregulator symbol)

If all the conditions are met, the burner will start automatically.



**INFO** – In case of an electric outage, the burner will perform a DIAGNOSTIC and, if all conditions are met, will burn out and return to normal operation. Otherwise it will await the fulfillment of previous conditions (drop of exhaust and water temperature).

If we want to use wood to heat up the boiler, it suffices to place the switch on the wood position. However, it is better to first keep the switch on the "0" position for 10 - 15 minutes so that the burner can properly burn out. This is an ideal time to prepare the fuel for stoking.



**WARNING** – SP(X) boilers do not allow you to control the solar heating function directly from the pellet burner. Additionally the TK and TSV sensors are used for measuring the temperature of the boiler and exhausts during this function.

- **Parameter S35** characterizes the limit (max.) temperature of the boiler TK, during which the burner will automatically start during the AUTOSTART function (S34 = 2)... (75 °C)
- **Parameter S36** characterizes the limit (max.) temperature of the exhausts TSV, during which the burner will automatically start during the AUTOSTART function (S34 = 2)... (80 °C)



**WARNING** – after placing the exhaust sensor TSV on a side of the burner flue pipe, the TSV temperature is not the exact temperature of the exhausts but the difference temperature for the automatic start function. If we want to place the exhaust sensor directly on or into the flue pipe to measure the exhaust temperature precisely, it is necessary to always use a sensor with a higher heat resistance of up to 400 °C.

• **Parameter S37** – characterizes the requires temperature of the boiler TK during which the pump in the boiler circuit will be activated. This will only occur if the required temperature is reached and the boiler is in OPERATION or burn-out mode (S14=13 with modules AD02 or AD03)... (75 °C) It is also necessary to re-check or set parameters S38, S39, S40

• Parameter S38 – deactivation difference for parameter S37, of the pump in the boiler circuit (S14 = 13 or S6 = 13)... (2 K)

If the temperature of the boiler TK drops by more than the deactivation difference S38, the pump in the boiler circuit will be turned off in the OPERATION or STOP (burn-out) modes.

- **Parameter S39** characterizes the emergency temperature of the boiler TK, during which the pump in the boiler circuit will be activated (S14 = 13 with modules AD02 or AD03)... (93 °C) Activation will be carried out regardless of special functions of the burner (function S40). The function works based on the deactivation difference specified in parameter S38.
- **Parameter S40** is the function for after-running of the pump in the boiler circuit used based on boiler type (S14 = 13, S6 = 13)... (0)

a) S40 = 0... The automatic deactivation function for the pump in the boiler circuit after the pellet burner burns out is off (after the time specified in parameter T5 runs out). The pump will be switched off after the temperature of the boiler TK drops (S38, S39). Designated for ceramic boilers with a large momentum (with the option of stoking with wood).

**b)** S40 = 1... The automatic deactivation function for the pump in the boiler circuit after the pellet burner burns out is on. The pump will be switched off immediately after the burner burns out, after the time specified in parameter T5 runs out. The function designated by parameter S39 is active. Designated for boilers with minimal momentum without ceramics (D14P, P14, D21P, P21, D25P, P25).

• Parameter S41 – is the function for automatic cleaning of the burner by compressed air after a certain number of work cycles (burn-outs). The function utilizes both reserve outputs (S16 = 16, S14 = 15) – nonstandard function... (11)

a) S41 = 1 - 9... function when the cleaning of the burner will be performed only once after running a given number of cycles (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 - number of cycles)

b) S41 = 11 - 19... function when the cleaning of the burner will be performed always twice after running a given number of cycles (11 = 1, 12 = 2, 13 = 3, 14 = 4, 15 = 5, 16 = 6, 17 = 7, 18 = 8, 19 = 9 - number of cycles)

If the parameter S41 = 0 or 10, the function is turned off.

• Parameter S42 – is the function for automatic cleaning of the burner by compressed air after a certain period of operation. On the subsequent termination of a work cycle (burnout), the burner mouth will be cleaned. The function utilizes both reserve outputs (S16 = 16, S14 = 15)... (4 hours) After the time S42 runs out the pellet burner burns out and cleans. AUTO STOP will be shows on the burner screen.

The set value represents the actual time in hours.

• **Parameter S43** – is the function for automatic cleaning of the burner by compressed air after a certain period of operation. After the set period elapses, the burner will immediately stop, be cleaned and re-started if necessary and all conditions for START are met (regardless of parameters S41 and S42). The function utilizes both reserve outputs (S16 = 16, S14 = 15)... (4 hours) The set value represents the actual time in hours.

- **Parameter S44** is the compressor function for automatic cleaning of the burner by compressed air, which determines the duration of compressor operation used for preparing a sufficient amount of compressed air (pressure function S6 = 16)... (3 min) The set value represents the actual time in minutes.
- Parameter S45 is the electric valve function for automatic cleaning of the burner by compressed air, which determines how long the el. valve is open to perfectly clean the combustion chamber of the burner (S14 = 15)... (2 s)

The set value represents the actual time in seconds.

- **Parameter S46** is the burner fan function which sets the type of used fan with rotation scanning. Number of impulses.... (1-EBM)
- Parameter S47 is the function of fan 2 which sets the type of used fan with rotation scanning. Number of impulses – do not change the factory setting... (4)
  - a) S47 = 12 EBM..... radial blower of the burner
  - b) S47 = 4 ATAS..... exhaust blower of the boiler
  - c) S47 = 0.... second method for switching off the blower 2 speed sensing
- Parameter S48 characterizes temperature TEMPERATURE A in the applications of function S6 = 17 to 36... (75 °C)

This is a free function for the reserve output R (R5) on the first position (Temperature A = first position in function S6 = 17 to 36 (S67 = 17 až 36)).

• Parameter S49 – characterizes the activation or deactivation difference for TEMPERATURE A in the applications of function S6 = 17 to 36... (5K)

This is the difference for the free function of reserve output R (R5) on the first position (difference for Temperature A = difference for the first position in the function S6 = 17 to 36 (S67 = 17 až 36)).

• Parameter S50 – characterizes TEMPERATURE B in the applications of function S6 = 25 to 36.....(75 °C)

This is a free function for the reserve output R (R5) on the first position (Temperature B = second position in function S6 = 25 to 36 (S67 = 17 až 36)).

• **Parameter S51** – characterizes the activation or deactivation difference for **TEMPERATURE B** in the applications of function S6 = 25 to 36... (5K)

This is the difference for the free function of reserve output R (R5) on the first position (difference for Temperature B = difference for the first position in the function S6 = 25 to 36 (S67 = 17 až 36)).

• Parameter S52 – characterizes TEMPERATURE C in the applications of function S6 = 25 to 36.....(75 °C)

This is a free function for the reserve output R2 (R6) on the first position (Temperature C = second position in function S14 = 17 to 36 (S67 = 17 až 36)).

• **Parameter S53** – characterizes the activation or deactivation difference for **TEMPERATURE C** in the applications of function S14 = 17 to 36... (5K)

This is the difference for the free function of reserve output R2 (R6) on the second position (difference for Temperature C = difference for the second position in the function S14 = 17 to 36 (S68 = 17 až 36)).

• **Parameter S54** – characterizes **TEMPERATURE D** in the applications of function S14 = 25 to 36.... (75 °C)

This is a free function for the reserve output R2 (R6) on the first position (Temperature D = second position in function S14 = 25 to 36 (S68 = 17 az 36)).

#### • Parameter S55 - characterizes the activation or deactivation difference for TEMPERATURE D in the applications of function S14 = 25 to 36... (5K)

This is the difference for the free function of reserve output R2 (R6) on the second position (difference for Temperature D = difference for the second position in the function S14 = 25 to 36 (S68 = 17 až 36)).

- Parameter S56 characterizes control of functioning (speed sensing) of the exhaust blower of the boiler (blower 2); setting may be different according to use – must never be changed..... (1)
  - S56 = 0 ..... control of the exhaust blower of the boiler turned off a)
  - S56 = 1 ..... control of the exhaust blower of the boiler turned on a)

If S56 = 1, parameters S47 and S57 are activated (visualized).

• Parameter S57 – characterizes minimum speed of the blower 2 ...... (1500 rpm) – must never be changed

adjustable range..... 1000 - 3200 rpm

It is a function of the control of proper functioning of the exhaust blower of the boiler.

When the blower is running at the speed lower than set, "ALARM VENT 2" is declared.

This function is not used standardly.

• Parameter S58 – characterizes the amount of compressed air for the first pre-cleaningoftheburner when installing pneumatic cleaning the burner. This is the time at which the partial filling compressor air tank for pre-cleaning of the burner ... (10 s) - standardly do not change

Adjustable range...OFF, 1 - 120 s.

- Parameter S59 characterizes the amount of compressed air for the second pre-cleaning of the burner when installing pneumatic burner cleaning. This is the time at which the partial filling compressor air tank for pre-cleaning of the burner... (20 s) - standardly do not change Adjustable range...OFF, 1 - 120 s.
- Parameter S60 characterizes the amount of compressed air for the third pre-cleaning of the burner when installing pneumatic burner cleaning. This is the time at which the partial filling compressor air tank for pre-cleaning of the burner... (30 s) - standardly do not change

Adjustable range...OFF, 1 - 120 s.

- **Parameter S61** characterizes the function for control of the boiler exhaust fan from the outlet for the burner discharge fan via the AD04 module. The function is intended for models DCxxSP(X), CxxSP, ACxxSP without flap with actuator fitted with the pneumatic burner cleaning options and the activated function for automatic start of the burner following wood burnout - AUTOSTART... (0)
  - a) **S61 = 0**..... function OFF
  - **b)** S61 = 1..... function ON (for for profile A25 pneu)

Never activate this function for boilers DCxxGSP and DCxxSP(X), CxxSP, ACxxSP (Model 2018 equipped with flap with actuator).

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- Parameter S62 characterizes the function for control of the air valve (flap) with actuator (servo drive) located in the pellet burner. This valve is operated from the outlet of the burner discharge fan via the AD04 module integrated in the burner (from serial production default configuration). The function is intended for models DCxxGSP, DCxxSP(X), CxxSP, ACxxSP (Model 2018)... (1)
  - a) S62 = 0..... funkce OFF (for burners without flap with actuator)

**b)** S62 = 1...... function ON (for burners with flap with actuator - for models DCxxGSP and DCxxSP(X), CxxSP, ACxxSP (Model 2018))

(Burners equipped with internal flap with actuator with AD04 module and the third (additional) 2-pins connector.)

• **Parameter S63** – characterizes the function of start delay of the pellet burner (AUTOSTART), with function of automatic burner start after burnout of the wood. Start delay of the pellet burner we use in case, that the operator wants to switch the selector switch from the position - wood to the position - pellets immediately after firing up without waiting till the boiler ran at nominal output (TSV and TK temperatures not reached). This will always delay the start of the burner 60/120/180/240 minutes. When activating this function the display of the burner shows the time remaining until the automatic start of the pellet burner (cold condition) or until the change to the normal function of automatic start characterized with the parameter S34.

In case of that the operation waste gas temperature will be reached (parameter S36 = TSV + 20 K) ends the countdown of the automatic start and the burner goes directly to normal auto start (parameter S34).

- a) S63 = OFF... function switched off factory stetting
- **b**) S63 = 1... start delay of 1 hour (60 min) recommended setting
- c) S63 = 2... start delay of 2 hour (120 min)
- (Setting possibility S63 = OFF, 1 (60 min), 2 (120 min), 3 (180 min), 4 (240 min))

This special function is active in the program version 38 and newer.



**INFO** - when putting burner into operation with activated function S63 = 1 (or 2, 3, 4) the plumber may once enter the code 1111 and to skip from AUTOSTART directly to the burner START (TSV and TK below than defined).

- Parameter S64 characterizes the temperature of flue gas inside the heat exchanger of the boiler. It serves to diagnoses the absense of pellets in the boiler tank or shows low output of the boiler. It is not temperature of flue gas. Function is only for DxxPX (PXxx) boilers, burner profile A25PX. Do not change... (130 °C)
- **Parameter S65** characterizes start up time of the burner in OPERATION mode during which has to be reached minimal waste gas temperature in the heat exchanger of the boiler set by parameter S64.

If in this time the boiler does not reach temperature the display shows **ALARM SETTINGS** – **REFILL PELLETS**. In such case check the set output in parameters T4 and T6 and increase it. In case of low pellets level in the tank fill up the fuel. Function is only for DxxPX (PXxx) boilers, burner profile A25PX. **Do not change... (120 min)** 

• **Parameter S66** - characterizes run-out time of the burner in OPERATION mode during which the burner stays in operation when waste gas temperature in the heat exchanger of the boiler descend under the temperature characterized by the parameter S64.

After the time characterized by the paramater S66 is display **ALARM PELLETS – REFILL PELLETS.** In this case check the pellet tank and fill up the fuel.

DxxPX (PXxx) boilers are designed that after fuel refill is neccesary only to turn off and on the main swich on the boiler. So it is not neccesary fill up the pellets into the conveyor after showen **ALARM PELLETS – REFILL PELLETS**.

Function is only for DxxPX (PXxx) boilers, burner profile A25PX. Do not change... (30 min)

• **Parameter S67** - characterizes function of **R5 reserve** output similar with S6 and S14 parameters with instaled AC07X-C additional module. Primary is this reserve used to control air pump for pellet burner pneumatic ash cleaning system.... (15).

Function is also for DxxPX (PXxx) boilers, burner profile A25PX (A25PX pneu)

if:

a) S67 = 1... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be closed and the reserve output will be energized. Thanks to this you can start a spare source of energy for heating of the building as e.g. a gas, electric or oil boiler.

b) S67 = 2.... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be opened and the reserve output will not be energized. Thanks to this a signal can be sent to an electrically backed up AB01 ATMOS GSM module controller that will send information that there is a system fault or the system is not energized. This is the opposite logic (to S6 = 1), which means that during normal operation the reserve is energized.

c) S67 = 4..... The reserve function as the reversed function of the output for the burner fan, when the reserve output is off, is not energized always when the burner fan is running. This function is always activated if you connect the A25 burner with the AS25 set containing the AD02 or AD03 module, which in this case controls the extraction fan of the boiler. Install the AD02 or AD03 module under the instrument hood of the boiler and connect it electrically between the boiler terminal board and the extraction fan, see the wiring diagram.

This setting and connection with AD02 or AD03 module and special connector (jumper to main switch) is standardly used for DCxxSP boilers with the function for automatic start after wood is burnt out activated (AUTOSTART - S34 = 1 or S34 = 2). Boiler exhaust fan is running simultaneously with the pellet burner during the AUTOSTART function.

**d** S67 = 7..... Reserve function as **the output function for the external worm conveyor**, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor (cycles between time T4 and T6). **The reserve output work independently** of the condition of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the standard output for the external conveyor gets damaged, the reserve will work independently in accordance with the same program, and therefore it can be used as a replacement for the damaged output.

e) 867 = 8... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor (cycles between time T4 and T6). The reserve works in dependence on the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor.

This means that if the output for the external conveyor gets damaged, the reserve will be switched off automatically. This function is suitable in situations when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to the main conveyor from which the pellets fall directly to the burner.

f) S67 = 15... Reserve function for the compressor control during the function for automatic burner cleaning using compressed air. Power element designed for switching and powering the compressor (e.g. contactor) must be connected between reserve output R5 and the compressor. This function is connected with S68, S41, S42, S43, S44, S45, S46, S47 parameter, which must be checked and configured.

**g) S67** = **16**.... Reserve function for controlling el.fan during the function for automatic burner cleaning using compressed air. This function is connected with S68, S41, S42, S43, S44, S45, S46, S47 parameter, which must be checked and configured.

#### Special function for turning on reserve output R5 according to the temperature of a concrete sensor:

**a) e.g. function:** TS>..... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A, reserve output R5 will be activated

**b) e.g. function:** TS<..... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A, reserve output R5 will be deactivated

c) e.g. function: TS,TV>..... means that if the TS and TV sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A and S50 – Temperature B, reserve output R5 will be activated (Temperature A = first position (TS), Temperature B = second position (Tv)).

d) e.g. function TS,TK<..... means that if the TS and TK sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S48 parameter – Temperature A and S50 – Temperature B, reserve output R5 will be deactivated (Temperature A = first position (TS), Temperature B = second position (Tk)).

Individual functions:

(17) TS>	(27) TS,TK>
(18) TS<	(28) TS,TK<
(19) TV>	(29) TS,TSV>
(20) TV<	(30) TS,TSV<
(21) TK>	(31) TV,TK>
(22) TK<	(32) TV,TK<
(23) TSV>	(33) TV,TSV>
(24) TSV<	(34) TV,TSV<
(25) TS,TV>	(35) TK,TSV>
(26) TS,TV<	(36) TK,TSV<

Parameter S68 - characterizes function of R6 reserve output similar with S6 and S14 parameters with instaled AC07X-C additional module. Primary is this reserve used to control electic valve for pellet burner pneumatic ash cleaning system...... (16).
Function is also for DxxPX (PXxx) boilers, burner profile A25PX (A25PX pneu)

if:

a) S68 = 1... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be closed and the reserve output will be energized. Thanks to this you can start a spare source of energy for heating of the building as e.g. a gas, electric or oil boiler.

b) S68 = 2.... If any fault occurs in the burner and the burner is shut down, the reserve relay will be opened and the reserve output will not be energized. Thanks to this a signal can be sent to an electrically backed up AB01 ATMOS GSM module controller that will send information that there is a system fault or the system is not energized. This is the opposite logic (to S14 = 1), which means that during normal operation the reserve is energized.

c) S68 = 3.... The reserve function as the output function for the burner fan, when the reserve output is closed, is energized always when the burner fan is running (fan mode only 100 % or OFF). This function is applied if you want the boiler fan or extraction fan in the chimney to run together with the burner fan. This function is designed for direct control of an fan directly from the burner (e.g. DxxPX, PXxx).

d) S68 = 9..... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor, but with the difference that it does not cycle, but runs permanently both during the drawing of the ignition amount and during both the times T4 and T6. Thus, the other external conveyor runs continuously and works independently of the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output to the main external conveyor from which pellets directly fall to the burner gets damaged, the reserve will keep working independently. This function can be used in cases when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to a pellet bin at the boiler from which the main external conveyor must always be controlled with an additional level sensor (level meter) that will maintain the level of pellets in the pellet bin at the boiler.

e) S68 = 10.... Reserve function as the output function for the external worm conveyor, when the reserve copies the run of the external worm conveyor, but with the difference that it does not cycle, but runs permanently both during the drawing of the ignition amount and during both the times T4 and T6. Thus, the other external conveyor runs continuously, but it works in dependence on the status of the actual output for the external worm conveyor. This means that if the output for the external conveyor from which pellets fall directly to the burner gets damaged, the reserve will be switched off automatically. This function is convenient in cases when you need to control another external conveyor that supplies (feeds) pellets from a larger distance to a pellet bin at the boiler from which the main external conveyor draws pellets to supply them directly to the burner. Caution - the other external conveyor must always be controlled with an additional level sensor (level meter) that will maintain the level of pellets in the pellet bin at the boiler. This is a similar function to S6 = 9, but with a higher degree of safety. f) S68 = 11... Reserve function for controlling boiler exhaust fan for DCxxSP(X), CxxSP, ACxxSP boiler types when the function for automatic start after wood is burnt out is activated. This function ensures that boiler exhaust fan is running only during wood burning after the wood is burnt out. When the burner is run on pellets, the boiler exhaust fan remains switched off. This function is used if you do not need or want to use the boiler exhaust fan while the burner is running. Install the AD02 module under the instrument hood of the boiler and connect it electrically between the boiler terminal board and the extraction fan, see the wiring diagram.



**WARNING** – this is not a standard setting for DCxxSP(X), CxxSP, ACxxSP boilers with the function of automatic start (AUTOSTART – S34 = 1 or S34 = 2) after wood is burnt out (setting is S68 = 4).

g) S68 = 12.....Reserve function for direct control of pump in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (boiler terminal board). This function controls the pump in the boiler circuit without using AD02 or AD03 modules. This is applicable only for boilers that do not allow heating with wood (not even in emergency situations). E.g. D14P, P14, D21P, P21, D25P, P25, DxxPX, PXxx. Pump output must be switched to reserve R5 on the boiler terminal board and the TK sensor must be installed before this function can be activated. After activation, S37, S38, S39, S40 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

h) S68 = 13.....Reserve function is the reverse output function for controlling the pump in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (output cable from boiler with a connector – white inside) via AD02 or AD03 modules. This function controls the pump in the boiler circuit using AD02 or AD03 modules ranged into a set with pump thermostat installed into the boiler panel. This method of pump controlling can be used for any ATMOS pellet boiler, and is therefore recommended. AD02 or AD03 modules must be inserted and connected under the boiler hood and the TK sensor must be installed before this function can be activated. After activation, S37, S38, S39, S40 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

i) S68 = 14... Reserve function for direct control of solar heating pump from the burner regulation (boiler terminal board). This function control solar pump when automatic sensor switching function is activated (S15 = 3), where the boiler is connected with accumulation tank equipped with solar exchanger and collectors. The system requires TV, TK, TS and solar sensors to be connected to the TSV solar panel. This function never uses AD02 or AD03 modules.

After activation, S26, S27, S28, S29, S30, S31, S32, S33 temperature parameters must be checked and configured.

This function is specially designed for boilers: D14P, P14, D15P, P15, D20P, P20, D21P, P21, D25P and P25



**CAUTION** - the direct controlling function of solar heating from pellet burner cannot be used for DCxxSP(X)/(EP), CxxSP, ACxxSP boilers and boilers with burner built into the upper doors. This function also cannot be used when the pump is simultaneously controlled in the boiler circuit from the burner regulation (TK sensor cannot be simultaneously in boiler and buffer (accumulation tank))

**j**) S68 = 16... Reserve function for controlling el.fan during the function for automatic burner cleaning using compressed air. This function is connected with S67 (S68), S41, S42, S43, S44,

S45, S46, S47 parameter, which must be checked and configured.

#### Special function for turning on reserve output R6 according to the temperature of a concrete sensor:

**a) e.g. function:** TS>... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C, reserve output R6 will be activated

**b) e.g. function:** TS<... means that if the TS sensor temperature is higher then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C, reserve output R6 will be deactivated

c) e.g. function: TS, TV>... means that if the TS and TV sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C and S54 – Temperature D, reserve output R6 will be activated (Temperature C = first position (TS), Temperature D = second position (Tv)).

**d) e.g. function** TS, TK<... means that if the TS and TK sensor temperature is higher at the same time then the set value in S52 parameter – Temperature C and S54 – Temperature D, reserve output R6 will be deactivated (Temperature C = first position (TS), Temperature D = second position (Tk)).

Individual functions: (27) TS,TK> (17) TS>(18) TS< (28) TS,TK< (19) TV> (29) TS, TSV> (30) TS, TSV< (20) TV< (21) TK>(31) TV,TK> (22) TK< (32) TV,TK< (23) TSV> (33) TV, TSV> (24) TSV< (34) TV, TSV < (25) TS,TV> (35) TK, TSV> (26) TS, TV< (36) TK, TSV<

- Offset TV This function is used to compensate the offset of the TV temperature sensor (input) in the range of ± 9.9 °C.
- Offset TS This function is used to compensate the offset of the TS temperature sensor (input) in the range of  $\pm$  9.9 °C.
- Offset TK This function is used to compensate the offset of the TK temperature sensor (input) in the range of ± 9.9 °C
- Offset TSV This function is used to compensate the offset of the TSV temperature sensor (input) in the range of ± 9.9 °C
- Reset By means of this function you can use one command to reprogram the electronic unit of the burner to the default settings.
- Restart By means of this function you can use one command to reprogram the electronic unit of the burner to the settings last set by the installer (under the installer code). This allows the resetting of the control unit without changing the system settings in case of any problems.
- Calibr. This function makes it possible to calibrate inputs for temperature sensors with the use of special calibration aids function for the manufacturer only.
- Language This is the selection function of the language in which the burner communicates with the user.

The basic version of the program contains these language versions:

- CZ Czech
- DE German
- EN English
- FR French
- IT Italian
- SP Spanish
- SE Swedish
- PO Portuguese
- **RO** Romanian
- PL Polish
- HU Hungarian

#### **INFORMATION menu**

- **Photocell** Displays the **current value** that the photocell sees.
- Temperature TS displays the current TS temperature (exhaust temperature (S15 = 1) or lower temperature (S15 = 2))
- Temperature TV displays the current TV temperature (water temperature (S15 = 1) or upper temperature (S15 = 2))
- Temperature TK displays the current TK temperature (boiler temperature (S15 = 1, S15 = 2, S15 = 4, S6 = 12, S6 = 13, S14 = 12, S14 = 13), central tank temperature (S15 = 3, S6 = 14, S14 = 14), central tank temperature as a second deactivation sensor for burner TS2 (S26 = 0))
- Temperature TSV displays the current TSV temperature (exhaust temperature (S15 = 1, S15 = 2, S15 = 4, S34 = 1, S34 = 2), solar collector temperature (S15 = 3, S6 = 14, S14 = 14))

#### Short explanation:

This always depends on whether the burner regulation function based on two temperatures on the accumulation tank is on or off, and whether the automatic start function after wood burns out is activated.

The default settings are S15 = 1 and S34 = 0, which means that the function for controlling the burner by two sensors is deactivated and the AUTOSTART function for DCxxSP(X)/(EP), CxxSP, KCxxSP burns is also off. The burner is only controlled by thermoregulators on the boiler panel.

The customer may connect the exhaust temperature sensors TS and TSV and the water temperature sensors TV and TK to the burner so that they **only serve as information**.

If we set S15 = 2, the function for regulation by two temperatures on the tank is activated and so we connect the water tempearture sensor in the lower part of the tank TS and the water temperature sensor in the upper part of the tank TV to the clamps of the burner connector.

If we set S15 = 3, the function for regulation by two temperatures on the tank is also activated, simultaneously with the solar functions. It is thus also necessary to connect the TK sensor located in the middle of the accumulation tank between the TV and TS sensors and the TSV solar collector sensor.

If we are going to use the AUTOSTART function for boilers DCxxSP(S34 = 1 or S34 = 2), we must also connect the TK sensor as a boiler sensor and the TSV sensor as the exhaust temperature sensor.

If we are going to control the pump in the boiler circuit (recommended S14 = 12 or S14 = 13), we must always connect the TK sensor.

- Fan speed displays the current speed of the fan
- Fan speed 2 displays the current speed of fan 2 (not used)
- Conveyor displays the current status of the conveyor
- Conveyor faults displays information for the service engineer
- Spirals displays the current status of the ignition spirals
- Spiral faults displays information for the service engineer
- Reserve R displays the current status of the reserve output R (parameter S6)
- Reserve R2 displays the current status of the reserve output R2 (parameter S14)
- Reserve R5 displays the current status of the reserve output R5 (parameter S67)
- Reserve R6 displays the current status of the reserve output R6 (parameter S68)

#### **TESTING menu**

Autotest – This function is used for automatic testing of all the basic elements of the burner as the fan, conveyor, ignition spirals, etc. The testing is carried out consecutively in 20-second intervals so that the engineer can monitor the operation of individual devices. If this test is not sufficient, individual devices can be run separately, namely with the use of the following functions.



**CAUTION** – During testing the burner is put out of operation, therefore before the start of testing always let the burner properly burn out **with the use the STOP command.** 

- Fan this function is used to test the operation of the fan
- Conveyor this function is used to test the operation of the conveyor
- Spiral 1 this function is used to test the operation of the ignition spiral 1
- Spiral 2 this function is used to test the operation of the ignition spiral 2
- Reserve R this function is used to test the switching device (relay) of the reserve output R
- Reserve R2 this function is used to test the switching device (relay) of the reserve output R2
- Reserve R5 this function is used to test the switching device (relay) of the reserve output R5
- Reserve R6 this function is used to test the switching device (relay) of the reserve output R6
- **Photocell** used to test the photocell. Conduct the test by observing its sensitivity when it is inserted in the burner or outside the burner in the natural light (never on the sun will cause an alarm).

### 17. Information - error messages - troubleshooting

#### **General troubleshooting**

CAUTION - All interventions into the electric systems must be performed by a qualified person that has read the operation manual and has been trained by the manufacturer.

#### The equipment is not working:

If you come to a boiler with a burner that has been put out of operation, proceed as follows:

- Check whether the boiler and burner are energized, if so
- Check whether the tank is filled with pellets
- Check whether the **conveyor is filled with pellets** after it has run out of pellets (must always be drawn before a new start, see the instructions), if so
- Read the error message on the burner display and find the error in the table below



WARNING – if the burner did not call any ALARM, it is not maufnetioning and is performing its own testing. Do not reset it by shutting off the power supply (switch), wait for the alarm to sound or normal operation (wait 1 hour).

Alarm	Message on the	Meaning	Remedy
no.	display		
1	ALARM CRC	Wrong program checksum - er-	<b>Replace the electronic control</b>
		ror of the electronic unit	unit
2	ALARM	Failure of the sensor of wa-	Check the connection of the
	SENSOR TV	ter temperature in the boiler or	sensor in the burner
		temperature in the top part of	Check the cable and sensor
		the tank (TV) - the sensor is	for damage
		short-circuited (damaged) or	Repair or replace
		disconnected	
3	ALARM	Failure of the sensor of flue	Check the connection of the
	SENSOR TS	gas temperature or water tem-	sensor in the burner
		perature in the bottom part of	Check the cable and sensor
		the tank (TS) - the sensor is	for damage
		short-circuited (damaged) or	Repair or replace
		disconnected	

#### Table of error messages on the display - alarms

4	ALARM SENSOR TK	Failure of the boiler tempera- ture sensor TK in the boiler or in the middle part of buffer tank – the sensor is short-circuited (damaged) or disconnected	Check the connection of the sensor in the burner Check the cable and sensor for damage Repair or replace
5	ALARM SENSOR TSV	Failure of the waste gas or so- lar sensor TSV – the sensor is short-circuited (damaged) or disconnected	Check the connection of the sensor in the burner Check the cable and sensor for damage Repair or replace
6	ALARM VENTILATOR	Failure of the fan or fan speed sensor	Check the cable of the speed sensor and its connectors Check whether the fan does not size, it must be possible to turn it easily by hand Check the fuse on the electronic board for the fan (1.0 A) Repair or replace
7	ALARM VENT 2	the same as ALARM VENTILATOR Failure of the exhaust blower of the boiler or defective capacitor under the hood of the boiler	the same as ALARM VENTILATOR Change the starting capacitor for the exhaust fan Change the exhaust fan of the boiler.
8	ALARM RELE	Error at the output for the exter- nal conveyor (neither output is functional)	Check and if necessary re- place the fuse for the conveyor (0.8 A) Check the wiring between electronic board and socket Broken gearbox of the con- veyor or output for conveyor control
		The external conveyor does not feed fuel to the burner	If you are not using the re- serve, reconnect the conveyor terminals to the reserve and set the parameter $S6 = 7$ . If you use the reserve for other applications, replace the elec- tronic control unit.

9	ALARM SPIRAL	Failure of both the ignition spi-	Check and replace both the
		rals	ignition spirals and check and
			replace faulty fuses (3.15 A) on
			the electronic board
			Enter the activation code:
			1234



**CAUTION** – In case of the **ALARM SPIRAL** error message you must always replace both the ignition spirals and enter the **activation code 1234**. If after the replacement of the ignition spirals and entering of the code the burner does not ignite (no ignition element is heating), replace the AC07X electronic control unit and use the reserve output for full control of one ignition spiral. In such a case set the parameter S6 = 5 or S14 = 5..

10	ALARM START	All the allowed start (ignition) attempts have been exhausted There are no more pellets or the bin is empty	Replenish fuel, draw pellets to the conveyor and turn of and on the main switch on the boil- er
		Faulty ignition spirals	Check the supply wires of the ignition spirals, check the fus- es (3.15 A), check the ignition elements with the function in the TESTING menu
		Faulty photocell	Check the supply cable of the photocell with the connector, test the photocell with the use of the function in the TEST- ING menu
11	ALARM PHOTOCELL	Flame sensing error in the OP- ERATION mode	Clean the photocell If necessary, replace

12	ALARM SAFETY	Disconnected end switch on the burner body	Properly tighten the burner to the boiler and check the con- tact of the end switch. Check the function of the sheet-metal stop of the end switch
		Disconnected safety thermostat (95 °C (55 °C for boilers Dxx- PX, PXxx)) on the supply pipe of pellets to the burner Due to burning of poor-quality pellets that produce cake and prevent trouble-free burning of pellets in the burner mouth the supply hose gets subsequently clogged and the temperature at the safety thermostat rises Clogged flue gas exhaust from	Clean the combustion chamber of the burner, if necessary, emp- ty the supply hose of pellets, turn off and on the main switch on the boiler Clean the combustion chamber of the burner every day until you
		the boiler caused by obstructed flue gas ways in the boiler, flue gas duct or chimney by dust and soot; the clogging causes return flow of flue gas and heat to the pellet supply hose and subse- quent disconnection of the safe- ty thermostat.	have good-quality pellets made of wood without bark (white pel- lets) that do not produce cake and where it is sufficient to clean the burner mouth once every 2 to 4 weeks Clean the whole boiler, flue gas duct and chimney from dust and soot, turn off and on the main switch on the boiler
		(0.8A - 1.0A)	the fuse
13	HIGH FLUE TEMP.!	This is not an error, but a message that notifies the operator that the maximum set temperature of flue gas has been exceeded	Clean the boiler and then turn off and on the main switch on the boiler to clear the error message
		If this message appears when installing sensors TV and TS on the accumulation tank - it is a warning that has not yet been activated function control burn- er (boiler) by two sensors on the accumulation tank ( $S15 = 2$ )	S15 parameter set from the factory setting $(S15 = 1)$ to the value $S15 = 2$ - turn off and on the main switch on the boiler to clear the error message
		They have been interchanged on the terminal board	Change the connection of the sensor on the terminal board and turn off and on the main switch on the boiler to clear the error message

14	ALARM MODUL	disfunction of AC07X-C mod-	Check the connector between
		ule for pneumatic ash cleaning	AC07X-C and AC07X
		system or other devices	
			change the AC07X-C module
			or change the electronic con-
			trol unit AC07X
15	ALARM	wrong setting of burner output	Change output by T4 and T6
	SETTINGS	due to low temp of flue gas in	parametres
	-	the heat exchanger	
	REFILL		
	PELLETS	lack of pellets in the fuel tank	Full up pellets
		For DxxPX and PXxx boilers	To reset error message turn the main switch of the boiler off and on
16	ALARM	lack of pellets in the fuel tank	Full up pellets
	PELLETS		
	- REFILL PELLETS	For DxxPX and PXxx boilers	To reset error message turn the main switch of the boiler off and on

#### If you are not sure, proceed as follows:

- Check whether the worm conveyor is really working by plugging the conveyor connector directly to a wall socket, if so
- Turn off and on the main switch of the boiler and watch the lighting and flashing symbols on the display of the electronic unit. Each start over a particular symbol on the display means that the element or function is in operation or should be.

Each symbol on the display characterizes one element or function of the burner.



- m Indicates operation of the external conveyor
- A Indicates connected control thermostat of the boiler
- e Indicates connected ignition spiral 1
- Indicates connected ignition spiral 2
- Indicates the fan running at the starting or operation speed
- ▲ Indicates connected reserve output R (bottom \*)
- ▲ Indicates connected reserve output R2 (top \*)
- on Indicates that the photocell sees the flame
- If an error message related to the damage of a particular part on the burner appears immediately, you should call the customer service to replace the damaged part
- If no error message appears, you must watch and compare the function of individual elements in the burner by checking which symbol on the display is flashing or lighting up. This way you can easily locate a possible defect within the burner (faulty part).
- If the burner or boiler is not energized, check the supply cable of the boiler or the cable between the burner and the boiler



#### CAUTION - BEFORE OPERNING THE COVER TURN OFF THE MAIN SWITCH! Checks of live parts may only be performed by a qualified person in accordance with valid standards and laws.

#### Inspection procedure of the inner electric installation of the burner and boiler:

- Check whether the burner is energized
- Check whether the start signal is being sent to the burner the control and safety thermostat is connected L2 the symbol  $\triangle$  on the display is lit
- Check whether the supply phase L1 is flowing to the burner
- Check the fuses in the electronic board for the fan, conveyor and ignition spirals
- Check the terminal board for released contact
- Check whether the ignition spiral at the start ignites (heats up) when the e or e symbol lights up
- Check the connection of the ignition spiral (supply wires)
- Check the connector of the supply cable of the burner for wrong connection whether phase L1 (supply phase) is not interchanged with L2 (controlled phase) or reserve R, R2

#### If no problem has been found, reset the regulation AC07X by the RESTART command.

#### If the system is working, but you are not satisfied with its function, proceed as follows:

#### Check the quality of pellets

- Heating value whether they are really pellets made of wood or whether something has been added to them crumble them and smell
- Colour caking white pellets do not cake, dark pellets or pellets with dark dots that contain bark cake.

If the pneumatic cleaning does not manage to clean the burner combustion chamber sufficiently, shorten the times defined by parameters S42 and S43. When the two hour time span for cleaning is not sufficient, the pellets contain impurities that make it impossible to burn these pellets in a A85 burner (biological waste). Must be replaced.

- Dust in pellets causes uneven operation of the burner and clogging of the burner hose
- Size too small pellets reduce the burner power ( $\emptyset$  5 x 5 mm), long pellets do not fall freely to the burner and clog the supply pipe.

#### Check the flue gas temperature

- It should be in the optimal range  $(130 \div 220 \text{ °C})$ .
- If the temperature is too low, reduce the power of the burner (decrease parameter T4 and increase T6) and reduce the quantity of combustion air or clean the boiler.
- If the temperature is too low, increase the power of the burner and quantity of combustion air (increase parameter T4).

#### Check the level of pellets in the burner mouth

- If it is too low and the burner goes out, check the flue gas temperature (see above). Reduce the quantity of combustion air or increase the quantity of supplied pellets increase the power (increase parameter T4).
- If the pellet level in the burner mouth is too high and the burner exhibits poor combustion produces smoke, increase the quantity of combustion air or reduce the quantity of supplied pellets reduce the power (decrease parameter T4).

# At the start check how long it takes for combustion quality to improve - how long smoke is released from the chimney

• If smoke is released from the chimney at the start for more than 5 minutes, extend the time of gradual increase to the nominal power (**parameter T10**, e.g. increase by 5min). Be careful about the setting of the air flap.

#### The burner regularly does not ignite at the first attempt, but always at the second one

• Extend the time for the supply of ignition fuel (parameter T1 e.g. by 10 s), extend time T2 for ignition of pellets (e.g. to 15 minutes) or reduce the angle of the conveyor (max. 45°).

# If after stopping of the burner and its burning out a lot of glowing unburnt pellets remain in the combustion chamber (mouth) of the burner

• Extend the rundown time of the fan - parameter T5 (e.g. extend the time by 5 minutes) - never shorten

### 18. Maintenance and cleaning of the burner

The system for burning wooden pellets is designed in such a way to require minimum maintenance. The necessary degree of maintenance directly depends on the set power of the burner and quality of used pellets.



CAUTION - Before starting repair or maintenance work during which you will handle the burner always turn off the power supply with the main switch of the boiler or disconnect to supply cable of the burner with the connector!

#### **Regular removal of ashes:**

Burning of wooden pellets leaves approximately 1 to 2 % of ashes. In practice you will gradually find out how often the burner should be cleaned depending on the set power, intensity of heating and quality of used fuel. Before the start of cleaning you must first shut down the burner and let the fuel burn out, best by reducing the temperature on the control thermostat or by turning off the burner switch on the boiler panel. The common interval of cleaning the burner mouth and boiler varies in the range of 7 to 30 days (after burning of 300 to 1000 kg of high-quality pellets).

For this reason the basic version of ATMOS burner A85 is equipped with pneumatic cleaning which cleanses the burner's combustion chamber after every burn out or at regular intervals (factory setting is 4 hours – parameter S42, S43). Thanks to pneumatic cleaning you can check or clean the burner's combustion chamber only once in a fortnight or a month.

Then remove ashes from the combustion space of the boiler and clean the heat exchanger of the boiler (tube plate) as described in the boiler manual.



#### Annual maintenance

- At least once a year you must perform a complete check, maintenance and inspection of the burner during which the burner must be removed from the boiler.
- During this maintenance remove and wipe the photocell that senses the flame.
- Thoroughly clean the space under the combustion chamber of the burner and behind the ignition spiral. Disassemble the inlet pipe through which pellets fall to the burner and clean it.
- Dismount the covering metal sheet of the burner mouth attached with one screw and clean the space under it where pellets fall and burn (scrape off dust and deposits). Clean the opening through which the photocell sees the flame.
- Knock dust out of the flexible supply hose and visually check whether it is not perforated. In such a case repair it or replace. On that occasion check the worm of the external conveyor by inspecting

it from the bottom where pellets fall into the flexible hose. Check whether is it not strangled by some objects, e.g. wound strings, a piece of wood, etc. that are sometimes found in pellets.

- Then, assemble and seat everything in the boiler. Tighten all the connections.
- Finally, check the basic functions and safety of the electronic unit in the **TESTING** and **INFORMATION** submenus, see page 49 and 50. Check the function of the end switch and 95 °C (55 °C for boilers DxxPX, PXxx) safety thermostat at the pellet inlet to the burner (contact of the thermostat with the pipe), see page 10 and 11.



**CAUTION** - It is prohibited to do welding work on the equipment if the system is connected to the electric mains and the electronic control unit is not removed. It might get damaged. If the customer is not able to carry out the annual inspection and maintenance of the burner by themselves, this service may be ordered from a service engineer. This service is subject to a fee. Make a record of the annual maintenance and inspection in the operation manual on page 64.

# **19. List of spare parts**

POSI-	DADT DESCRIPTION	QUANTI-	CODE
TION	FART DESCRIPTION	TY	1 pc
1A	Burner body - front part A85	1	H0443
1B	Burner body - rear part A85	1	H0444
2	Burner cover - hood with a window for the display - AC07X	1	H0436
3	Top cover of the burner mouth	1	H0430
4	Holder of the electronic unit	1	H0405
5A	Electronic unit of the burner - AC07X with a fixation plate	1	H0222
5B	AC07X-C additional module	1	H0337
6	Pellet supply pipe	1	H0406
7	Safety thermostat 95 °C	1	H0059
8	Safety thermostat cover	1	H0433
9	Holder - plate with openings for the ignition spirals	1	H0225
10	Ignition spiral 500 W	2	H0229
11	Ignition spiral cover	1	H0434
12	Inner holder of the ignition spiral	1	H0432
13	Combustion chamber (pot) of the burner	1	H0431
14	End switch - FR501	1	H0210
15	Burner connector - 6-pin - male - complete (power)	1	S0989
16	Burner connector - 6-pin - female - complete (sensors)	1	S0987
17	Socket for the external conveyor	1	H0211
18	Air flap of the fan	1	H0435
19	Fan with a speed sensor	1	H0043
20	Photocell - entire	1	H0231
21	Photocell holder	1	H0232
22	Electronic unit connector (1 - 12) - top	1	H0260
23	Electronic unit connector (1 - 16) - bottom	1	H0234
24	Electric harness of the burner, incl. bushings and connectors	1	H0265
25	Bushing for the cable to ignition spirals	1	H0214
26	Bushing for the cable for the end switch, safety thermostat and and conection of	5	\$0095
20	pneumatic ash cleaning system	5	30095
27	Gasket under the flange of the pellet supply pipe - Sibral paper	1	S0181
28	Screw for fixation of the hood and connection of the burner body 4.2 x 13	18	-
29	Fan attachment screw M4 x 8	4	-
30	Screw for attachment of the pellet supply pipe M5 x 10	3	-
31	Screw for attachment of the safety thermostat cover M4 x 6	1	-
32	Screw for attachment of the end switch and safety thermostat cover M4 x 30	3	-
33	Screw for attachment of the conveyor socket and fan flap 3.9 x 9.5	6	-
34	Nut M6	4	-
35	Display self-sticking label	1	H0236
36	End switch stop	1	H0437
37	Fuse for ignitaton spiral - type F 3.15A/1500A/5x20 mm	2	H0238
38	Fuse for conveyor - type F 0.8A/1500A/5x20 mm	1	H0239
39	Fuse for fan - type F 1.0A/1500A/5x20 mm	1	H0251
40	Sealing for photocell Ø 8/15	1	S0155
41	Sealing under fan 93 x 95	1	S0158
42	Start capacitor for the burner's fan 2 µF	1	S0173
43	Connector for connecting the speed sensor of the boiler draught fan	1	S1094
44	Blow-off nozzle of the burner pneumatic cleaning	1	H0440
45	Cover of a dilatation of the burner nose-piece	1	H0438
46	Air screen	2	H0439

# 20. Expanded view of the burner



## **GUARANTEE TERMS**

- 1. On condition of observance of the way of use, operation and maintenance described in the manual we guarantee that the product will have the characteristics defined by the relevant technical standards and conditions for the whole guarantee period, namely for 24 months from acceptance by the consumer and max. 32 months from the date of sale by the manufacturer to the sales representative.
- 2. If the product exhibits a defect in the guarantee period that was not caused by the user, the product will be repaired free of charge for the customer within the guarantee terms.
- 3. The guarantee period will be extended by the time period for which the product was repaired.
- 4. The customer shall submit claims for guarantee repairs to the customer service.
- 5. The guarantee for the burner is only valid if the assembly of the burner and boiler was performed by a person trained by the manufacturer in accordance with valid standards and the operation manual. A condition for acknowledgment of any guarantee is legible and complete filling-in of data about the company that carried out the installation on page 63. If the burner gets damaged due to inexpert damage, the resulting costs will be borne by the company that carried out the assembly.
- 6. The buyer has been provably instructed how to use and operate the product.
- 7. Requests for repairs after the expiration of the guarantee period are also directed by the customer to the customer service. In this case the costs of the repair are borne by the customer.
- 8. The user is obliged to observe instructions in the operation and maintenance manual. In case of non-observance of the operation and maintenance manual, careless or inexpert handling or burning of prohibited fuel the guarantee becomes invalid and repairs of possible damages are paid by the customer.
- 9. At least once a year the burner must be completely inspected, checked and cleaned by a specialized company, which will confirm all the performed work in the operation manual on page 64 and further.



Guarantee and after-guarantee repairs are provided by: -The company that represents the ATMOS Company in the particular country for the particular region

- -The assembly company that installed the product
- -Jaroslav Cankař a syn ATMOS,

Velenského 487, 294 21 Bělá pod Bezdězem, Czech Republic, phone +420 326 701 404

# **RECORD OF INSTALLATION OF THE BOILER AND BURNER**

## The installation was performed by:

Company:	
Street:	Town:
Telephone:	Country:
Ascertained data:	
Chimney:	Flue-gas duct:
Dimensions:	Diameter:
Height:	Length:
Chimney draught:*	Number of elbow pieces:
Date of last inspection:	Waste gas temperature:*
Boiler connected with mixing valves and	fittings (brief description of connection):
Fuel:	Measured data:
Туре:	Waste gas temperature:°C
Size:	Emissions in stabilised state : CO
Moisture content:*	CO <sub>2</sub>
	O <sub>2</sub>
Person responsible for the inspection:	Date:
Stamp :	Customer's signature:
(Responsible person's signature)	

\* measured values

# **ANNUAL INSPECTIONS RECORDS**

Date	Date	Date	Date
stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature
Date	Date	Date	Date
stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature
Date	Date	Date	Date
stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature
Date	Date	Date	Date
stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature
Date	Date	Date	Date
stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature	stamp and signature

# **RECORDS OF GUARANTEE PERIOD AND POST-GUARANTEE PERIOD REPAIRS**

Kepair:		 	
Repair:		 	
Repair:			
Renair:			
repuii:	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	 •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

### repair carried out by, date

Repair:	1	
Repair:		
1		

# repair carried out by, date

#### 

#### .....

#### repair carried out by, date

Cepair:	
Lepair:	
Repair:	
Repair:	
Sepair:	
Penair:	
Repair:	

# repair carried out by, date

Repair:	1	
Repair:		
1		

repair carried out by, date

Notes: